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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 51,417—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1898.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
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"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

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DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. Langborne	24th Sept.
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	1st Oct.
M.L. PENINSULAR	6227	W. Wheler	8th "
† BUTLEJ	4164	A. Symons	15th "
M.L. SHANNON	4362	F. Cole	22nd "
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	29th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	5th Nov.
† SUTLEJ	4184	A. Symons	12th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7536	E. H. Gordon	19th "
† CARTHAGE	5297	C. Gadd	26th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	R. F. Briscoe	3rd Dec.
† CLYDE	4099	C. T. Denny	10th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	6227	W. Wheler	17th "
† CARTHAGE	5106	C. Gadd	24th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	31st "

The steamers marked M.L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

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Bombay, 5th September, 1898.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	G. Nicolich	4,139	1st Oct. 1898.
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassovich	4,212	1st Nov. 1898.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, or VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI, on the 4th of each month.

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Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail on or about
GISELA	F. Mosca	4,260	12th Oct. 1898.
TRIESTE	A. Mitis	5,095	12th Nov. 1898.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

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TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150

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Steamer	Captain	Tons	To Sail on or about
MORAVIA	E. Mecozzi	3,305	24th Sept.

Connecting at COLOMBO with the P. & O. AGLAIA to MADRAS and CALCUTTA on the Outward and Homeward voyage.

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E. BACHRACH,
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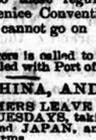
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept. 7th, 1898.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.



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FOUR WEEKLY DEPARTURE.

TO MARSEILLES DIRECT *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on Tuesday, 12 NOON.
SALAZIE	4,255	C. Seillier	27th Sep. 1898.
LAOS	6,000	Flandin	25th Oct. 1898.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	22nd Nov. 1988.

Passengers are requested to ATTEND at the BALLARD PIER for the MEDICAL EXAMINATION at 10 A.M. All luggage, properly Addressed and Labelled, should be sent in advance at the same place.

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Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about the
CALEDONIEN	4,232	Durrande	22nd Sept.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

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FOR KURRACHEE AND COAST PORTS.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 27th Sept., at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie, (Weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 22nd September, calling at Karrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mohomra and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 7th October, 1898.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOABAY.

S. S. "RAJPOOTANA," 2,030 tons, on or about 27th Sept., calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoabay and Mozambique in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR KARACHI, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "WARDHA," 3,976 tons, on or about 27th Sept., calling at Karachi, Aden, Mombasa and Zanzibar.

FOR RANGOON DIRECT.

S. S. "CHUPRA," 1,977 tons, on or about 24th September, 1898.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHYEBASSA," 2,663 tons, on or about 24th September, 1898.

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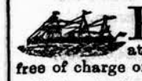

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P. and O.	Caledonia	19th do.

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P. and O.	Egypt	3rd December.

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P. and O.	Shannon	22nd October.
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C. RUINAT,
Agent.

Bombay, 21st September, 1898.

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Up-country orders promptly attended and carefully executed on the same day the order is received. Prices Moderate, and compares favourably with other houses in Trade in India.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
Carnac Road. BOMBAY. Market.
OPPOSITE GOCULDAS TEJPAL HOSPITAL.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
FOR SALE.
WAGGON AND CARRIAGE WHEELS, CARRIAGE AND WAGGON STEEL AXLES STRAIGHT, OLD IRON TYRES SUITABLE SHOES AND BUCKLES, &c.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M (Gun Fire) on WEDNESDAY, 19th October, for the purchase of any number out of four lots of the above now lying ready for inspection at the Company's depot, Wari Bunder, Masagaon, to be seen on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Form of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned, and must be sent in with a deposit as security for the fulfilment of contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest, or any tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 21st September, 1898.

THE ASSOCIATED VINEYARD
CULTIVATORS CO.'S
BEEHIVE BRANDY.

This BRANDY is much approved in GREAT BRITAIN, AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA, and has been recognized for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated. Rs. 2-4 per Bottle.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN'S
BAZAAR,
FOR SALE

One new English-built C under-spring CANGE LANDAU, with patent self-acting hood, by Lucas, of London.

One set of best English silver-mounted four-in-hand HARNESS, suitable for Arab and Waler horses.

One set of best English silver-mounted pair-horse harness, suitable for Arab and Waler horses.

Second-hand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS, by other well-known makers.

HOUSES furnished with latest style neat furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest designs FOR SALE or HIRE, and also made to order.

Apply to
CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.

GRESHAM
ESTABLISHED 1848. LIFE OFFICE.
CHIEF OFFICE:
ST. MILDRED'S HOUSE, POULTRY,
LONDON, E. C.

ASSETS EXCEED—£6,250,000.

There is nothing desirable in Life Assurance which the Society does not furnish cheaply and intelligibly.

Liberal Terms given to Agents who can and will do effective work for the Society.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF FLOUR.

On FRIDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of the Union Flour Mills, Limited, at the Company's Mill, Chinchpoogrund on account and at the risk of Syed Baba Sahib Valad Fakir Sahib of Belgaum—
450 bags household Flour.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 22nd September, 1898.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.—We have now a fully competent Staff of PIANO TUNERS and REPAIRERS. All kinds of work undertaken. Pianos regulated, cleaned and polished. Harmoniums and Organs tuned, cleaned and made as new. Old bellows renewed or new bellows supplied.—MARCES & Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

MARZA WINE.—The latest, only scientific, and only palatable IRON and COCA WINE. For Anæmia, Weakness, Nervous and Mental Debility. Rs. 3-4 per bottle.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, Sole Agents, Bombay.

LADY CYCLISTS should inspect the SWIFT before buying elsewhere. Splendid value.—W. H. THORNS and Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay and Secunderabad.

PIANO and SINGING TAUGHT by a Lady trained under well-known masters—has had much experience in voice production. Apply "ARIA," care of Messrs. Rose and Co., Rampart Row.

WHY is the SINGER SEWING MACHINES sale more than all the Competitors taken together? Because their Machines are the Best, Strong, Durable, Light-going, and because they keep Duplicate Parts, Needles, Oil, etc., always in Stock. Instructions free. 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

6 FOR Rs. 2-8.—WASHING TIES "for Tying a Bow." Light Fancy Tints, Tartan Plaids, Bright Stripes, etc. A New Stock just to hand.—ASQUITH and LORD, Apollo Street.

JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld.—IVORY BILLIARD BALLS, to be satisfactory, should be bought at this season of the year during the monsoons: they are more reliable and more lasting. Price List post free.

THE New Improved CELESTINA, with 3 Rolls of Music and case complete. Rs. 80. Also extra music on hand by JOHN G. MURDOCH & Co., Ld., London, expressly made to suit the Indian climate. Cheaper kinds Rs. 75, with 3 Rolls—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOWFLAKE OIL, 150°, sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Masagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs.4-12-4, per case, in Bombay, and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 4-12-2, per case, at Bandra.

EUROPEAN, for many years in Merchant and Shipowner's firm, is OPEN to EMPLOYMENT in similar office, or any position of trust.—Apply "M." care of this Paper.

BIRTHDAY CARDS.—Choicest selection for this year to hand by the mail, also Steam Toys. All new novelties at prices never offered before, at SEROFF BROS., Cheapest House, Fort.

ENLARGEMENTS—RAJA DEEN DAYAL and SONS, Photographers by Royal Warrant to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress of India, are prepared to undertake orders for making Bromide Permanent Enlargements from any size of Photograph however old and faded to life size. Most Artistically and highly finished in Black and White or Water Colours. Prices and full particulars on application to the MANAGER, Art Photographic Salon, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A second-hand double side English BROUGHAM CARRIAGE, Price Rs. 200. Apply sharp, to Dr. S. S. BATTLIWALA, Soparibagh Dispensary, Parel, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c., Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription Rs. 15 per year, including Postage.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Children's Nurse, Companion, Matron, or Housekeeper, now out of employ. Country preferred. Good Testimonials. Apply "65," care of this Paper.

FORMS of POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed. Price 4 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LANAULI—TO LET, Large two-Storied BUNGALOW, eight rooms, with five acres attached, during October and November, or up to Christmas. Apply "L. M.," care of this Paper.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Thursday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly, Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3; to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 12 to the Mofussil, postage extra.

MATHERAN.—TO BE LET.—The undermentioned highly desirable BUNGALOWS, situated in the most convenient and breezy part of the hill. They are all well furnished, command fine views and possess excellent accommodation.—EDEN HALL, JEWAJEE HALL, ST. ELMO No. 2, and KHUSHROO LODGE. For Rent and other particulars apply to PROPRIETORS, Poona Hotel, Poona.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-8. Postage Annas To be had at this Office.

VOICE from Madras, C. Green, Esq., Retired Salt Officer and Secy to Rajah Vennegopala Bahadur, writes on 19th May, 1888:—I suffered with fever for 19 days and had two doctors in attendance, but their Medicines did me no good. I was then recommended to try Batliwalla's Ague Mixture and with a few doses the fever left me and I have had no return of it since. ..... Batliwalla's and Co.'s Choleral is as effective in Cholera, as Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture are effective in fevers. It has never failed in cases of Cholera, and you are requested to send for its testimonials. Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla and Co.'s Choleral are sold everywhere, as Re. 1 per bottle, or are sent by Dr. BATLIWALLA, Worlee, Dadur Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive. Contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5 with postage, Rs. 5-4. For sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

CAMPHOR COUGH BALSAM.—As a preventive and curative agent in all cases of Cough, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh and all other throat and chest affections.—D. FERNANDES & Co., Family and Operative Chemists, Fort.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 2 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminus.

MARZA WINE.—The New Brain and Nerve food to restore the vital forces. Contains Iron, Phosphorus, Coca, Pepsine, Rs. 3-4 per bottle.—Sole Agents, THOMSON AND TAYLOR, Bombay.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business, 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

ONLY firm in Bombay which has Aalloway and Co.'s London made 8 day Office Clocks. Rs. 30 Rs. 40 and Rs. 100, with 5 years' guarantee—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at low rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

CHOCOLAT MENIER.
THE BEST AND ONLY ORIGINAL.
SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE DEALERS
Beware of Spurious Imitations which are often substituted.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Diseases, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at Rs. 6/- and 11/- per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England.

NOTICES.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the six months from 1st January to 30th June, 1898, at the rate of Rupees 70, Seventy per Share (of Rs. 1,000 paid up) and Rupees 35, Thirty-five per Share (of Rs. 500 paid up) will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 22nd September, 1898, to shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Shares on the 13th instant.

By Order of the Board.
D. M. PETIT, SONS & Co.,
Agents,
The Manockjee Petit Mfg. Co., Ld.

Bombay, 10th September, 1898.

P.S.—Notice is also hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 27th instant, both days inclusive.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

TENDERS will be RECEIVED by the undersigned up to FRIDAY, the 30th instant, for the supply of the following oils during the year 1899:—

84 tons SHALE OIL,
300 tons PETROLEUM (Axle Oil),
48 tons A high FLASHING MINERAL OIL (250° to 300° F).

Delivery will have to be made in monthly lots of 7 tons, 25 tons & 4 tons respectively, or varied, as may be directed from time to time.

Samples of Oils offered of not less than 1 gallon must accompany the tenders.

Form of tender can be had on application at this office.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders to be sealed & marked "TENDERS FOR OILS."

Parel Works, 14th September, 1898.

E. S. LUARD,
Loco. & Carr. Superintendent.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAKWOOD BOARDS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m., (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 28th September, 1898, for the supply of:—

110 TONS OF 1 INCH TEAKWOOD BOARDS.

2. Tenders must be made on the Company's form which can be obtained from the undersigned, together with specifications and particulars of delivery.

3. Accompanying the Tenders, but separately, Rs. 1,000 must be sent in as security for the due fulfilment of Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper,
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 12th September, 1898.

NOTICE.

IN ADDITION to our Girgaum Veterinary Stables, we have opened a Commission and Livery Stable at 223, Bellasis Road, Byculla, the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Ahmed Mahomed Mishari and Co.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

Girgaum and Byculla, 1st August, 1898.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balances made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 20th February, 1897.

BURN AND COMPANY, LIMITED.
ISSUE OF ADDITIONAL CAPITAL.

THE COMPANY was formed in 1895 to acquire and carry on as from 1st January, 1895, as a going concern the old established business of Burn and Co., Calcutta, Railway and Public Works Contractors, Engineers, etc., etc., and Proprietors of Pottery Works at Ranegunge and Jubbulpore, with a Share Capital of Rs. 15,00,000

Consisting of 7 per cent. Preference Shares....Rs. 6,00,000
Ordinary Shares (issued to vendors) ..... " 12,00,000
Rs. 18,00,000
To which must be added an issue of Debenture at 6 per cent. for ..... Rs. 15,00,000
Rs. 33,00,000

From the date of acquisition to 30th April, 1898, the profits have been as shewn hereunder viz:—

From 1st January 1895, to 30th April 1893 (16 months) ..... Rs. 6,52,253
From 1st May 1893, to 30th April 1897 ..... " 2,94,769
From 1st May 1897, to 30th April 1898 ..... " 3,81,206

and after paying interest on Debentures and Dividends on Preference and Ordinary Shares, the Company has been able to put aside to Reserve Fund Rs. 7,00,000 and to Debentures Sinking Fund Rs. 1,42,500.

These figures denote the position and strength of the Company, the condition of the money market during the past three years notwithstanding, but in order to maintain that position, and at the same time to meet the requirements of an increasing business further capital is required.

The Directors have, therefore, determined to issue 7,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each in the increased capital of the Company created by the resolution of the Company passed on the 14th day of April 1898 (a copy of which can be seen at the Registered Office No. 7, Hastings Street) as Preference Shares in accordance with the terms expressed in such resolution and carrying a cumulative preferential dividend of 7 per cent. per annum.

Those shareholders whose names are on the Company's Books on 30th September, 1898, will be entitled to one new share at par for each share then held and the public are invited to tender for what remain available, in the annexed form, copies of which can be obtained from the Company's Solicitors, Messrs. Orr Robertson and Burton, Calcutta, The National Bank of India, Limited, Calcutta, The Alliance Bank of Simla, Limited, Calcutta, or from the undersigned.

Applications will be received by the undersigned from this date, to noon on FRIDAY, the 30th September 1898, and must be accompanied by a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the shares applied for; the balance will become due on acceptance of the tender and allotment of share on 1st October, 1898.

If after the acceptance of any application the number of shares allotted is not fully taken up, the deposit made in connection therewith will be forfeited.

No application below par will be considered.

BURN & Co.,
Managing Agents.

7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, 17th Sept., 1898.

LETTER OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To
The Managing Agents,
Messrs. BURN & Co., Ld.,
Calcutta.

Dear Sirs,—I beg to apply for ..... new 7 per cent. cumulative preference shares in the above Company created by the resolution passed on the 14th day of April, 1898, at Rs.....per share, and I enclose herewith a remittance for Rs.....being 10 per cent. on the amount of the number of shares applied for, and I undertake to pay the balance on receipt of an intimation of the acceptance of my application and to accept the shares in whole or in part in terms of the Company's Articles of Association.

Name in full .....
Address .....
Date .....
Signature.....

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. HILL."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 23, 1893
"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimony to your excellent preparation of Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis; your Lozenge is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,
"A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M. Edinburgh
L.R.C.S. and L.M. Edinburgh

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"I've nearly finished my 4th box since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled for the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis; one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 220 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits, or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER & Co.	Ay.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
DEUTZ & GELDERMANN	Ay.
NATH JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Cotes d'Or.
J. & J. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Voslau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.
GEO. IDLE CHAPMAN & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

VINTAGE WINES.

MESSRS. HATCH MANSFIELD and Co., Ld., Wine Merchants by Special Appointment to H. I. M. the Queen, T. R. H. the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, and the Duke of York.

SOLE AGENTS FOR MESSRS. MOET AND CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNES.

The "Dry Imperial" of the magnificent vintage of 1893 is the finest Champagne on the Market.

For Prices and Lists of Wines and Spirits in stock, also for Calendar of Vintages, apply to their representatives.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.
1, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FRED. GIESLER & Co.'s
CHAMPAGNE.

Extra Superior Dry, Quarts Rs. 75 and Pints Rs. 40 per doz. for India " " Rs. 76 " Rs. 40 "

For these Cream of Champagnes
Apply to
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
44, Elphinstone Circle Bombay.

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS
For CROFT & Co.'s (OPORTO)
CELEBRATED WINES.
CROFT'S PARTICULAR,
Rs. 120 per dozen.
CROFT'S TAWNY OLD PORT,
Rs. 48 per dozen.
CROFT'S WHITE PORT,
Rs. 52 per dozen.
CROFT'S FRUITY PORT,
Rs. 30 per dozen.
Apply to
CROFT, MODY & CO.,
19, Bank Street,
Or
Retail Agents:—
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

N.B.—Ask for Labels with our Names on Bottles before buying.

APPLY EARLY!!!
A Beautifully Colored 14 × 10
PORTRAIT
OF
H. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS
will be given away GRATIS to every purchaser of a Bottle of any one of
JAMES WATSON & CO.'S
Glenlivet, Glenlivet × × ×, A I Club
WHISKEY
By all Wine Merchants.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
SHIPPNG DEPARTMENT.

BAGGAGE received and shipped, landed and forwarded or Stored.

PACKAGES and PARCELS forwarded to England and elsewhere.

PACKAGES from EUROPE Cleared through the Customs and Despatched. To avoid delay, the Shippers should be instructed to send to us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

INSURANCES, Marine, Life, and Fire, effected with Offices of standing.

H. M. TROOPSHIPS.

Every assistance afforded to Officers proceeding to and from England.

LONDON AGENTS:—
MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, (LIMITED.)
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.
BRANCHES:—
London—13, King William Street, E.C.
H. HERSENT, Manager.
Bombay—C. E. BERESFORD, Manager.
Calcutta—RHOD. MURRAY, Manager.
Rangoon—R. F. STRACHAN, Acting Manager.
Kurrachee—O. M. BARNES, Ag. Manager.
Rawulpindi—MURREE—W. MOIR, Manager.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....Rs. 40,00,000
RESERVES AND REST ..... " 13,62,900

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED AS UNDER

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—For Home Remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum; for 9 months at 4½ per cent. per annum.

THE BANK will also at the HEAD OFFICE or any of its BRANCHES in India transfer sums for deposit in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

SPECIAL RATES are given for short periods during the busy season.

Monies are received into the BANK'S PRUDENTIAL OR PROVIDENT FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

CHEQUES, BILLS, HUNDIES, AND CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum up to Rs. 10,000 in the event of the balance not falling below Rs. 500.

OPEN CREDITS AND LOANS are granted upon all marketable Securities, BILLS, PROMISSORY NOTES are discounted.

Investment Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange under Code with London Bankers.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

By Order of the Board,
C. E. BERESFORD,
Manager, Bombay Branch.

Bombay, 1st July, 1898.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £450,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Singapore.	Hankow.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Foochow.
Rangoon.	Kwala Lumpor.	Manila.
Colombo.	Batavia.	Yokohama.
Penang.	Sourabaya.	Kobe.
Thaiping.	Hongkong.	Tientsin.
Deli (Sumatra).	Shanghai.	

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credit; and undertake general banking business

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FIVE PER CENT. per Annum. Rates for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

T. FRASER,
Acting Agent.

Bombay Agency, Elphinstone Circle.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52:—Threadneedle Street, E.C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL ...Frs. 100,000,000 (£4,000,000).

LONDON BANKERS:—
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W. LLEWELLYN,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 90,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld.

LONDON COMMITTEE:
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq. (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited).
F. D. RAWLINS, Esq. (Managing Director, P. & O. S. N. Co)
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JOHN WALTER. }

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CLAIMS PAID EXCEED £13,000,000
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W.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE SIRDAR'S ADVANCE ON FASHODA.

A PEERAGE FOR SIRDAR KITCHENER

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

It is not true, as stated by the *Times*, that the German and Italian Military Attaches accompanied General Kitchener to Fashoda, both Attaches having returned to Cairo from Khartoum.

It is reported that General Kitchener will receive a Peerage and a grant of £25,000, in recognition of his services.

THE POWERS AND CRETE.

THE CONCERT ONCE MORE.

SEPT. 21.

The powers are discussing an Italian Circular proposing that the six Powers should again combine for the purpose of inducing the Sultan to withdraw the Turkish troops and officials from Crete within a fixed period, the Powers undertaking to maintain the Sultan's Sovereignty on the Island, and the protection of the Mussalmans.

AMERICAN GARRISONS ABROAD.

NINETY THOUSAND MEN.

AMERICAN POLICY IN THE PHILIPPINES.

DIFFICULTIES WITH GERMANY AND SPAIN EFFECTED.

General Miles, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army, announces that the permanent garrison in Cuba will be 50,000, in the Philippines 20,000, in Porto Rico 14,000, and in Honolulu 4,000.

The New York papers clearly intimate that the immediate increase of the American Naval and Military forces at Manila is intended to forestall any difficulties which Spain or Germany may ultimately raise.

THE DUKE OF ORLEANS AND THE DREYFUS CASE.

The Manifesto issued by the Duc D'Orleans, against a revision of the Dreyfus case, is ridiculed in Paris, as being both bombastic and untimely.

THE DOWNFALL OF LI-HUNG-CHANG.

SEPT. 20.

All the Diplomats at Peking, except the British and German, have called upon Li-Hung-Chang to condole with him upon his downfall.

THE MAIL.

SUEZ, SEPT. 20.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Carthage, arrived here, from Bombay, this morning.

FRONTIER NEWS.

THE ZAKKAKHELS SUBMIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

It is reported that the Zakkakhels have handed over most of the outstanding rifles to the representatives of the remaining Afridi tribes and given security for the rest.

FRONTIER BRIGADE RELIEFS.

The following reliefs of British units, now serving in the Khyber Brigade, are sanctioned :—No. 1 Battery, R.A., from Rawalpindi to Landikotal ; No. 3 Battery, from Landikotal to Rawalpindi ; No. 5 Battery, from Rawalpindi to Jutogh ; the Royal Scots Fusiliers, from Sialkot, Murree Hills, and Amritsar, to Landikotal ; the Royal Sussex, from Landikotal and Mecan Mir to Sialkot and Amritsar ; the Hampshire Regiment, from Mooltan and Dalhousie to Landikotal ; the Oxfordshire Light Infantry, from Landikotal to Mecan Mir ; and the Ferozepore Bedfordshire Regiment, from Mecan Mir and Ferozepore to Mooltan.

THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

A FOREST DEPARTMENT COLLECTION.

A grant of a quarter of a lakh of rupees has been sanctioned for a collection of Indian forest produce upon which the Forest Department is now engaged in connection with Sir Henry King's munificent gift for representation of India at the forthcoming Paris Exhibition.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

Lieutenant W. C. Nicholson resigns the Punjab Frontier Force and reverts to the 3rd Madras Infantry.

Captain Grant, Border Regiment, Adjutant of the Rangoon Volunteers, shortly retires on pension. Lieutenant-Colonel J. Stevenson, R.A., M.C., is also about to retire.

Captain T. E. Clarke becomes Adjutant, 2nd Battalion Royal Inniskillings, vice Jones, whose tenure of office shortly expires.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ON FRONTIER OPERATIONS.

The Government of India have called for a report regarding the Hon'ble Mr. Thorburn's statements in reference to the number of transport animals and men impressed for service during the recent Frontier Operations.

CAPTAIN TANNER INJURED BY A CROCODILE.

Captain C. O. O. Tanner, 29th Bombay Infantry, attached to 27th Bombay Infantry now in British East Africa, has been seriously injured by a crocodile in Juba River.

Details are still unknown.

GRANT OF PENSION TO MRS. MACLEAN AND HER SONS.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the grant to Mrs. Maclean, widow of the late Mr. L. F. Maclean, who was accidentally poisoned, of a pension of £120 yearly during her widowhood, and to each of her two sons of £50 yearly up to their 21st birthday, together with a gratuity of £130 on account of expense of journey of herself and two children to England.

MILITARY NEWS.

The following officers of the Bombay Army are amongst those gazetted as having passed according to paragraph 331, Army Regulations, at the examination last July :—

Captains Pollard, 5th Bombay Cavalry, distinguished in military law ; Southey, 7th Bombay Lancers, specially mentioned and distinguished in military law, topography and organisation ; Elliot, 4th Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, distinguished in military law and topography. Lieutenant Fisher, 32nd Bombay Cavalry ; and Captain Errington, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, distinguished in organisation ; and Lieutenant Da Costa, 5th Bombay Cavalry, special mention and distinguished in military law and topography.

POONA STEEPLECHASES.

SECOND DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

The Steeple-chases were brought to a conclusion this afternoon. There were seven races on the card. The garrison chase fell through. Brat had a walk over. Mr. Halford on Atlantic had a fall after the third jump and was slightly hurt. The following are the details :—

1ST RACE—The Garrison Chase.—Distance about 1½ miles. Rs. 500, of which Rs. 100 to 2nd. Steeplechase for Arabs and C. B. ponies. Weight—Handicap (to be published by 8 A. M. Tuesday, 20th September.

Mr Bland's b a g Brat, 11st, W O 0

2ND RACE.—The Ganesh Khind Chase. Distance about 2½ miles. Rs. 500, of which Rs. 100 to 2nd. A Steeplechase for all Horses which have not won a flat race, hurdle race or Steeplechase, value Rs. 500. Weight—Handicap (to be published at Grand Stand by 8 A. M. Tuesday, 20th Sept.)

Mr T L Robert's b aus g Hawthorn, 10-6 11lbs, Wilkinson... 1
Mr Farmer's b aus m Lady Baldwin, 10st 9lbs, Johnson..... 2
Mr Percy's b aus g Atlantic, 12st, Halford..... 3

Betting : 6 to 4 on Atlantic ; 3 against the rest.

Atlantic led the way and kept to the front till near the Grand Stand, where he stumbled, displacing his rider. Lady Baldwin took the lead, going well near the home turn. Hawthorn then came up and won by a dozen lengths. Time—5min. 41secs.

3RD RACE.—The Little Go Chase. Distance about 1½ mile. Rs 750, of which Rs. 100 to 2nd, and Rs. 50, to 3rd. A Steeplechase for all Gallaways. Weight—Handicap (to be published at Grand Stand by 8 A. M. Tuesday, 20th Sept.)

Mr P G Reynold's br e g Rough Diamond II, 12st Wilkinson 1
H H Aga Khan's b aus m Fleetwing, 12st 2lbs, Alford..... 2
Major Frost's br aus m Black Boss, 10st Prince..... 3
Major Hardy's b aus g Curiosity, 11st 12lbs..... 0
Mr J B's g aus m Zoo, 9st 11lbs..... 0

Betting : 6 to 4 against Fleetwing ; 2 against Diamond ; 4 Blackbess.

Fleetwing took the lead negotiating hurdles in grand style and kept to the front three-fourths of the way near the four-furlong post. Rough Diamond came up strongly, took the last jump well and collared the leader, winning easily by ten lengths. Half distance between second and third. Time—4 min. 20 secs.

4TH RACE.—The Grand Annual. Distance about 1 1-4 mile. Rs. 1,000, of which Rs. 150 to 2nd, and Rs. 50, to 3rd. A steeplechase for all horses. Weight.—Handicap (to be published at Grand Stand by 8 A. M. Tuesday, 20th Sept.)

Capt Cleveland's b aus g Oakleaf, 10st 7lbs. Stock..... 1
Mr T L Robert's b aus g Luxury, 12st 2lbs, Halford..... 2
H H Aga Khan & Aga S Shah's b aus g The Wreck 11st 8lbs, Alford..... 3
Mr Frost's b e m Loyalty, 10st 9lbs..... 0
Mr G B Price's b aus g Zanzibar, 10st 2lbs..... 0
Mr T L Robert's b aus g Hawthorn, 9st 13lbs..... 0

Betting : 5 to 2 against Wreck, 3 against Luxury, 5 against Oakleaf.

Luxury did most of the running and took the jumps well. Wreck although standing as favourite, never had much appearance. Oakleaf after six jumps improved his pace and soon overhauled Luxury, whom he beat at the last jump, winning by half a dozen lengths. Ten lengths between second and third. Time—5 min. 19 secs.

5TH RACE.—The Wanowrie Chase. Distance about 1½ mile. Rs. 500, of which Rs. 50 to 2nd. For all Arabs and C. B's 13-3 and under, which have been entered for first day and A and C B's 13-3 and under maiden Chasers. Weight Handicap—Handicap (to be published at Race Stand 8 a. m. Tuesday, 20th September.)

Lt Col J Desaraj Ur's g a p Shaman, 11st 9lbs, Alford..... 1
Mr H M Martin's c a p Marker 11st 7lbs, Johnes..... 2
Mr R C Burke's b a g Jehangir, 10st 8lbs, Wilkinson..... 3
Mr Bland's b a g Brat, 11st 2lbs..... 0
Capt W Warner's c b g Willie, 10st 10lbs..... 0
Mr P F Newnham's g a g Steeltrap, 10st 3lbs..... 0

Betting : 1½ to 1 against Shaman ; 3 against Brat ; 4 Marker and Jehangir ; 6 Steeltrap.

A good start. Brat attended Jehangier and Shaman went away, all jumping beautifully. Near Wanowrie jump Shaman improved his pace, had a good lead and won easily by four lengths. A length divided the second and third. Time—4min. 39secs.

6TH RACE—Consolation Stakes.—Distance about 1 1-4 mile. Rs. 200, of which Rs. 50 to 2nd. For Arabs and C. Bs. 13-3 and under—Arab 13-3 to carry 11st 7lbs. C. B. 13-3, to carry 11st.—W. I.—Winners.—claimable for Rs. 1,000. Penalties.—Winners, once 4lbs ; twice, 7lbs ; oftener, 10lbs. Allowance—Maidens 7lbs. G Rs only.

Capt W Warner's b c b g Willie, 10st 8lbs, Major Conran.. 1
Mr Street's c a g Muskerry, 9st 4lbs, Owner..... 2
Mr Bland's b a h Gholib, 10st 11lbs, Owner..... 3
Mr P F Newnham's g a g Steeltrap..... 0
Mr Williams' b a g Magic 0
Mr Lyndon's c a g Prince 0

Betting : 4 to 6 against Willie ; 11-2 to 1 against Gholib ; 5 Muskerry.

Gholib went off at the start, leading a good distance near half mile. Willie came up, Gholib keeping last. A good race at a distance between Willie and Muskerry, the former winning by six lengths. Same distance between second and third. Time—2 min. 40 secs.

7TH RACE.—A Match. Distance—3 furlongs. Rs. 50 a side, Arab 13-3, to carry 10st. 7lbs. W. I.

Capt Stanner's ch a gal Dover, 9st 4lbs, Major Conran..... 1
Mr K Macausland's ch a al Sagliave, 9st 7lbs, Bland..... 2

Betting : 4 to 1 on Dover ; 2 against Sagliave,

Dover got on the best and led the whole way, winning by three lengths. Time—4 min. 2 secs.

THE KOLHAPUR RACES.

Owing to plague in Kolhapur State, the Kolhapur Races will be run in Poona. The meet will probably commence on 17th October.

THE POONA POLO TOURNAMENT.

Three teams have been entered for the Open Poona Polo Tournament. The following is the result of the drawing :—Durham Light Infantry to play vs. Golconda team ; Poona Horse a bye. The first tie will be played on Friday next, and the final on Monday, between the winners of the first and the Poona Horse.

THE DURAND TOURNAMENT.

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

The Durand tournament draw between the Rifles and the Volunteer team "A" was re-played to-day. For the first ten minutes both goals were attacked in turn, the Rifles having the best of the exchanges. At fifteen minutes Allen for the Volunteers lost a good chance by shooting wide. The Rifles retaliated immediately, but Nelson spoilt a good opening. Great struggle followed in the mouth of the Volunteer goal but without result, and just before the interval Pruce cleared finely. After the interval Rifles attacked, obtaining two corners in quick succession, which had been cleared two minutes later. Nelson lost a great chance and shortly after this Allen scored for the Volunteers with a good shot. The Rifles then attacked, but the Forwards failed to accept the openings, and six minutes later Filden on getting on shot a fine goal and almost immediately afterwards led up to Allen, scoring a third goal for the Volunteers. At 4-40 the Rifles left wing put in a capital shot which just missed scoring, and three minutes from time Armstrong had hard times in not scoring for the Rifles. The Volunteers thus won by three goals to nothing

The Durand tie between Black Watch and the 16th Lancers were to-day a very hollow affair, Black Watch being far too strong for their opponents and winning by eight goals to love.

ROVERS ASSOCIATION TOURNAMENT.

SHROPSHIRE LIGHT INFANTRY vs. HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY.

A VERY large number of people assembled to witness this the final fixture of the first round of the above tournament. The game was a disappointing one, and the spectators were not treated to any free display of football. The teams were very evenly watched and when time was called, the score was one goal all. In the extra 15 minutes play neither side were able to score, and the game ended in a draw which, we understand, will be played off next Friday at 4 o'clock.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY NIGHT—September 20.

10 p.m. ... 78·8

WEDNESDAY—September 21.

6 a.m. ... 77·6
10 a.m. ... 82·1
2 p.m. ... 84·9
4 p.m. ... 84·1

FROCKS AND FASHIONS.

(BY A LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 2.

FOR once we are having really perfect weather, blue and cloudless skies, and though it is still very warm there is just that bracing touch of autumn in the air that makes the heat bearable and pleasant. Garden party succeeds garden party, and they seem to be uncommonly favourable to enjoyment, and to a satisfactory appetite, judging from the amount of good fare consumed. All sorts of cakes, sandwiches, tea and coffee welcome our arrival, and later comes the most delicious fruit, grapes, peaches, apricots and pine-apples, not forgetting my especial greediness, the lovely netted melon. Then in the intervals of that solemn and scientific game the revised croquet—what ices ! and what fruit, salad, champagne and claret cups ! ! If you partake even moderately of these good things, you seriously imperil your appetite for dinner, which to a man is such a sacred thing. By the way, talking of croquet, what would, or perhaps, I should say, what do, the fair ladies and the young curater of the early sixties say to the serious guise in which their old friend has come back to them. No more large hoops and small balls. No more tight croquet to show pretty feet and hand-embroidered petticoats, no more happy flirtations between eight persons, who generally forgot their hoop, their turn, and often the colour of their ball, and took little interest in either. No that in the nineties is all changed. The curates like tight croquet have had their day and departed. The hoops are very narrow ; the balls are very big, and armed with heavy mallets four earnest persons go forth to play a boundary line, adding a fresh terror to life. The game goes on for hours, and calm and intellectual enjoyment is derived from it, but for fun and frolic, give me not the "revised version."

At one of these parties I met a very dainty frock. It was carried out in white soft silk covered with a printed design in two shades of China blue. The whole of the upper part of the bodice, back and front, was of white Valenciennes lace, left quite transparent, while the long sleeves to the wrist were arranged in exactly the same way, and finished with Valenciennes ruffles. Out-lining this yoke there was a deep frill of lace, which formed a point at the back, while in front a single frill crossed over from right to left, passed under the very *chic* little waistband of black velvet, and was continued in a graceful curving line to the hem of the skirt. Here it was met by a similar frill, which formed a flounce all round the slightly-trained skirt. A large black picture hat crowning a bright happy face accompanied the costume and completed the pretty picture. Many of the newest Paris gowns for early autumn are made *en princesse* and arranged in a style of such severe simplicity that they can be worn with success only by those who possess absolutely perfect figures. A friend who unquestionably can boast of this delightful possession has just had a lovely gown sent over for her. It is a princess robe in silver grey cashmere, with three graduated flounces on the skirt, each flounce bordered with a narrow braiding in white and silver. In the region of the waist there is no trimming at all, so that the curves of her figure are to stand entirely on their own merits. The bodice part, however, has a fichu drapery of cashmere, the frills bordered with the white and silver braiding and a little V. shaped yoke of white satin, covered with cream guipure. There is a decided tendency among really new gowns to a kind of pointed over drapery, which gives the effect of a double skirt, and which is constructed very much on the lines of the old Greek peplum. For instance, a charming gown is of black satin, and has a long over-drapery of black chiffon, accordeon-pleated, and cut in four long points, the drapery being bordered throughout by black chiffon frills. The bodice is cut very slightly open at the throat, the space being filled in with a chemisette of cream "point d'alengon, and outlined with a turn-down frill of black chiffon. The sleeves to the elbows are edged along the outer arm with a cascaded frill of chiffon, and at the waist the fulness of the accordeon pleated chiffon bodice is drawn down under a wide black satin sash, which is tied at the back in a big bow, with long floating ends which reach to the hem of the skirt.

Is the weather going to be Queen's weather ? This is the leading query to-day in almost every Dutchman's mind. The people of Holland pray, wish, and hope that the variable old gentleman (the clerk of the weather) during the next and the following week will be in the most equable humour. If not, well three-fourths of the gay trappings of the city will Duffer—for from end to end Amsterdam is now a network of gay ribbons in honour of the young Queen's Coronation. Queen Wilhelmina really seems to have roused our friend the Dutchman to something like activity, not to say enthusiasm. Usually the inhabitants of the Low Countries is a deliberate, thoughtful, not to say phlegmatic individual, who in answer to your remark that it is a fine day, smokes half an ounce of tobacco and drinks a glass of schiedam before he ventures on a laboured "Yes." But for the moment all is changed. In every town, village, and quaint domicile preparations are being made to do honour to the young Queen. Her Coronation dress is of white satin. Over it falls a beautiful robe of lace made by the fingers of one of the Queen's subjects, an old woman. The bodice is square and is trimmed with a bertha of lace. A large clasp of diamonds with hanging pearls serves as a fastening for the front ; the lace skirt is fastened to the satin with real pearls. The regal mantle—deep crimson velvet, with rampant lions (the royal crest) embroidered in gold, and lined with ermine, and a deep collar of the same fur—will droop from the royal shoulders. The Queen will wear a necklace of very beautiful diamonds, and in her hair a five-pointed diadem of the same precious stones.

The little brown birds which lifted up their heads from the stubble so happily as the trains rattled along the line on Wednesday, were happily unconscious that their time of trial was so very soon to come. Twenty-four—or less hours, and their dear little feathery bodies would be hanging in London shops, country house larder on preparing for the oven. Many of the men whose sun-burnt faces looked out on the fields as they rushed along in their comfortable first-class carriages were out early yesterday with their guns and dogs. They have been coming back in swarms for days past, and the railway stations where the holiday traffic concentrates have been crowded with passengers and luggage. Normandy and Brittany have poured back streams of visitors from Deauville and Trouville, from Dinard and Pazame golfers from St. Briac and cyclists who have been pedalling all over the country from Caen to Brest jostle each other with golf balls and cycles. The hot sun which has been blazing during the last month has left its marks, and most of the faces one sees in these crowds are gipsy-like in complexion

The mysterious person who has devoted his leisure to the invention of bicycle diseases has apparently come to the end of his imagination, for we have noticed nothing new for more than a month. We have been warned against bicycling ophthalmia, bicycle neck (which is long and twisted), bicycle hands (the size and colour of a large piece of beef) bicycle feet bigger than foot balls) and all sorts of strange ills. But in point of fact there is no such thing as swelling hands and feet from cycling. Why should there be ? And the only weak point is the saddle. Esmond's are undoubtedly the best, for they are good hill climbers and do away with all saddle soreness and discomfort of that sort. But are the days of cycling numbered and is ballooning to supersede wheeling and become a fashionable means of locomotion ? That energetic young Dowager Duchess d'Aosta has gone in for it a great deal this summer and finds it greatly to her taste. She began with a voyage in a captive balloon at Turin, taking a trial trip with her Lady of Honour and Chamberlain (poor things, I wonder how they liked it, and she was so delighted with the experience that she afterwards indulged in aerial flights of a more enterprising description. I see also that two gentlemen are going to attempt a balloon journey from London to Paris at the end of this month. In view of sudden and unexpected descent into the sea, they are wisely going to take life-belts, air waistcoat and a drag-rope with them.

But to return to fashions from which I have been wandering too long, never has there been such a perfect rage for fruit as a trimming for hats, topies, and evening gowns as this season. In most of the millinery windows one is confronted with what might be mistaken for the produce of a fruiterer's shop, —peaches, purple plums, small golden apricots, and many other kinds of fruit are shown in tempting array. Perhaps the most popular are currants, which take the first place for head-gear, while cherries and grapes reign supreme on evening frocks. Cravats too, are to be very much worn this autumn, they are quite simple to make, consisting as they do of a strip of cambric or muslin five inches wide and long enough to pass twice round the neck and then knotted either in a bow or sailor fashion. The ends of course are a matter for decoration, and may be made as elaborate as you will, with handsome lace or embroidery. Just such cravats were worn some years ago and are always becoming. One word of warning and I close my letter. The time is coming for putting away our parasol—or it will soon come now. Don't roll it up and place it in a box. I took out such a beauty of my own in the beginning of this season, which had been carefully stored in this may—and when open split, split, split, went all the folds and ruin and despair stared me in the face. So now I am constructing a canvas bag with a drawstring into which I shall place my new friend, and hope next spring to find mim strong and beautiful as ever.

A NATIONAL HEALTH SOCIETY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A short time ago it was suggested that a National Health Society, or a Society on the lines of the National Health Society of London, should be established in Bombay. Having been formerly a member of the London Society I feel much interested in the movement. The value of such an institution is very great. Not only is it instructive by its publications and lectures but the meetings can be made entertaining also. The range of subject is so large that almost everybody's taste for knowledge can be satisfied. Courses of lectures on a variety of technical subjects might be given to classes of instruction field which, together with examinations and certificates of proficiency, would make an institution of this character without equal in any part of India. If the promoters of this scheme bill give the public further particulars of their plans, I for one shall be willing to lecture and give it in other ways my support.—Yours, &c.,

FREDERICK PEARSE, F.R.C.S.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

WARDS.		No. of Attacks.	No. of Deaths from Bubonic Plague.	Total Deaths from all Causes.
A	Upper Colaba	0	0	6
	Mid. & Lower Colaba	0	1	
	Fort, Southern	1	0	
	Fort, Northern	0	0	
	Esplanade	0	0	
B	Mandvie	3	0	24
	Chunkie	1	0	
	Umarkhady	1	0	
	Dongri	4	1	
C	Market	1	1	20
	Dhobi Talao	0	0	
	Fanaswady	0	1	
	Bhuleshwar	0	0	
	Khara Talao	0	1	
	Kumbarwada	8	0	
D	Khotwady	0	0	2
	Girgaum	0	0	
	Chowpatty	0	0	
	Walkeshwar	2	0	
	Mahalaxmi	0	0	
E	Mazagon	0	0	20
	Tarwady	3	0	
	Second Nagpada	0	1	
	Kamathipura	0	1	
	Tardeo	0	0	
	Byculla	0	0	
	First Nagpada	1	0	
F	Parel	0	0	4
	Sewree	0	0	
	Sion	0	0	
G	Mahim	0	0	10
	Worlee	1	0	
	Water Division	0	0	0
	N.-E. & Unknown	1	0	
	HOSPITALS.			
	Jaia		1	16
	Telagu		1	
	Madanpura		1	
	Kapole & Lad Jcint.,		1	
	Maratha	1	3	
	Modykhana		0	
	Total	29	13	102
	Total plague deaths to date	31,839	27,247	
	Same date last year	9	6	117

CHOLERA.

Attack 1
Death 0

PLAGUE IN CALCUTTA.

SUNDAY'S RETURNS.

THE statistical returns issued from the Health Office on Sunday showed that there were no fresh cases of suspected plague reported by any of the hospitals in town.

The case of the native woman who was attacked in Rup Chand Roy's Street on Saturday and removed to the Medical College Hospital, at the instance of Dr. Hossack, proved fatal on Sunday night. This brings the total number of suspected cases to 229 and deaths to 191.

REDUCTION OF PLAGUE ESTABLISHMENTS.

Finding that there is scarcely any work at present for disinfecting parties and others engaged on special plague duties in hospital, the authorities are now planning to reduce the upkeep of plague establishments. Should, however, a change for the worse take place in the cold weather and it is thought advisable to re-engage these hands, it will be done. It is also under contemplation to do away temporarily with the services of some of the district medical officers, but the Government have not as yet decided on the subject.

PLAGUE OBSERVATION CAMPS.

The total number of persons examined and detained during the week ending the 4th of Sept., at the respective camps of Chakradharpur (down trains), Chousa (down trains), Chousa (down River Inspection), Mairwa (down trains), and Khurda, were as follows :—Number of persons examined during the week from Monday to Sunday—970 ; 17,909 ; 153 ; 13,830 ; and 2,489 ; total 31,244. Number of persons examined since the plague observation camps were opened—20,155 ; 305,570 ; 3,470 ; 98,258 ; and 92,247 : total 494,700. Number of suspects detained during the week—221 ; 1,078 ; 2 ; 40 ; and 64 : total 1,405. Number of suspects detained since the camps were opened—3,238 ; 10,747 ; 8 ; 877 ; and 2,829 : total 16,699. Number of persons detained in camp during the week—794 ; 1,078 ; 2 ; 40 ; and 113 ; total 2,023.—"Englishman" (Friday).

PLAGUE AT BANGALORE.

At about 10-30 a.m. on Thursday, information was sent to the Health Department that the Brahman police constable, who was admitted into the plague hospital on Millar's-road a few days ago, supposed to be suffering from plague, died at 11 o'clock last night. The President and the Health Officer at once proceeded to the hospital and made suitable arrangement for the interment of the deceased, and, as he was a Brahman by caste, corpse bearers were engaged and proper religious ceremonies were performed. Every precaution, however, was taken to prevent any spread of infection. The camp, which is supposed to be under the Residency Surgeon was not prepared for emergencies like this. In fact the Residency Surgeon was conspicuous by his absence. The greatest credit is due to Mr. Slight for the prompt action taken in the matter. The Hindus are very well satisfied at the kind manner in which their religious customs were protected. The deceased had not a single friend in the station, all his friends being away in Mysore, and credit is also due to the Health Officer and his subordinates for carrying out the President's orders promptly, for it was only a little more than three hours from receipt of information to the time the body was removed for cremation.

The Sanitation authorities have selected a site for a plague-cemetery up in the direction of and beyond Wheeler's-road, St. John's Hill.

Since Friday afternoon last there have been five fresh plague seizures in the City. Three of these cases are not yet pronounced to be plague, but the other two are genuine. One is the case of a Mahomedan fakeer, whose father volunteered the information and offered to go to the segregation-camp, and the other is that of a Brahman sweetmeat-seller from near Seltanpett. As to the segregation of this patient, there is a tendency to object and to obstruct the authorities, tempted greatly to this end by the action of the executive towards the Mahomedan the other day, but I hear near press time that the authorities are determined to save a repetition of that day's scene.

On Friday night last a party of men, who are presumed to be of the Mahomedan *budmash* class, proceeded to the unoccupied camp beyond the Western Extension of the City, and having bound the caretaker hand and foot, set fire to the huts, totally destroying them and causing a loss of about Rs. 500 to Government. No arrests have been made, but the Police are said to be working actively on some good clue.—*Madras Times*.

THE TAPTI VALLEY RAILWAY.

THE Superintending Engineer of the Tapti Valley Railway reports the following progress made up to September :—The rains naturally have affected somewhat sections of the line, but the subsidence between mile 36 and 44 is not of a serious nature. A fair amount of labour has been employed on the Songad length and work there is progressing satisfactorily. Between mile 50 and 55 the work is well in hand and once the rain ceases and the cuttings are clear of flood water it will not take long to complete. The next 10 miles are practically complete and on mile 65 to 70, Light work is well in hand and for the following 27 the earth work in banks is completed, all cuttings, barring three, are down to formation level and these three are well in hand. Between mile 95 and 155 the earth work is practically complete excepting one large cutting at mile 102, which however will be completed about next December. Between miles 120 and 155 good progress with the bridges has been made and when the rains have ceased the work will be pushed on to completion.

As regards Ballast, large depots have been established at mile 28, and arrangements perfected for collection at the Nunderbar and Amalner Divisions, and the work will be pushed forward rapidly after the rains throughout. Station and Staff quarters are well in hand everywhere notwithstanding the heavy and continuous rains extending over the line up to mile 75. The work, though it has been retarded during the monsoon, has entailed a cost of about 4 lacs a month.

ENTERTAINMENT AT WILSON COLLEGE.

ON Tuesday evening the past and present students of the Wilson College provided an entertainment at the College premises, Chowpatty, in honour of the Rev. R. Scott, Professor of the College, who is about to proceed home on furlough. The premises were tastefully decorated for the occasion ; and the students assembled in large numbers to wish godspeed to their beloved teacher on his way homeward to enjoy a well-earned rest. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan, Principal of the College, presided. Among those present were several ladies and a number of the Rev. Mr. Scott's friends. The proceedings commenced with the singing of some Marathi songs by some of the College students, followed by vocal and instrumental music by Miss Dopson, Miss Edith Mackenzie, Miss Dick, Miss Cook, Miss Saunders and Miss Bayland. While all the lady performers acquitted themselves creditably, deserving praise for their musical skill, it may be remarked that Miss Edith S. Mackenzie's rendering of "Kathleen Mavourneen" deserved special mention. The voice of this very young lady is rich and charming and she is a valuable addition to our local lady singers. She is an undergraduate of Wilson College. The company were then entertained with recitations by the College students, which were followed by some native music. An adjournment was then made for refreshments. A novel feature of the entertainment was "five-minute" speeches by past and present students and friends, among whom may be mentioned Professor N. G. Welinker, Professor A. M. Mirza, Messrs. R. F. Gorwalla, Billimoria, Kanga, and others. A College student then stepped forward and read the following address :—

To The Rev. R. Scott, M.A., Professor of English Literature, Wilson College, Bombay.

Reverend and Respected Sir,—Having heard that you are very shortly intending to proceed home on furlough, we, your past and present pupils, desire to take this opportunity of giving expression to the feelings of deep respect and attachment which your character and work have inspired in us. While we are fully aware that in your contact with the Members of the College, you receive almost daily evidence of these feelings, we yet consider that the present is an appropriate occasion on which to make public acknowledgment of the esteem which is so generally cherished for you in the Institution which you have adorned these many years. The influence of your teaching has done more than it is easy to express in words, to raise the moral and intellectual tone of the students of the College. You have infused your genuine love and appreciation of all that is pure and true and noble in Literature into successive batches of students during a long course of years ; and we feel assured that these impressions, of the intensity of which every one who has been your pupil for any length of time knows something, have been carried by many of the past pupils of this College into their lives, and have helped to refine and elevate their principles of action. You have thus succeeded in making real to many the hidden meaning and power of English Literature, and have thereby conferred on them a priceless gift. But your life has been no less educative than your teaching. We may be permitted to say that the simplicity and sincerity of your character have impressed us most ; and have, as it appears to us, in a special manner endeared you to the men who have passed out of this College. You have worked in our midst with a single eye to the highest good of your pupils ; and you have sought to inculcate by your example, the great lessons of truthfulness and genuineness in word and deed. While this parting with you, as a College, gives us sincere regret, we yet realise your incessant work in past years and your need of rest ; and we comfort ourselves with the thought that before long, if God wills, we will have the joy of welcoming you back into our midst in renovated health and strength, as we trust. We desire to assure Mrs. Scott, your faithful helper, of our most sincere respect for her ; and we conclude with the heartfelt prayer that this time of rest may be productive of abundant good to both of you.

Presentations of a Russian leather casket, a silver tea service, a gold ring, silver cups, and books, from the past and present students, and from the members of the Wilson College Literary Society, were then made to Mr. Scott, who made a suitable acknowledgment. The chairman next made a few appropriate remarks, in recognition of Mr. Scott's valuable services as a member of the College staff. The proceedings were wound up with vocal and instrumental music, and with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

THE usual weekly meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Ebrahim Bahimtulla in the chair. There were also present ; Mr. T. W. Cuffe ; Mr. G. W. Roughton ; Mr. R. H. Vincent ; the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhai Visram ; Dr Cowasji Hormusji ; Dr. A. G. Veegas ; Dr. N. N. Katrak ; Dr Esmail Jamsabomed ; Messrs. K. M. Shroff and Mulji Bhowanidas Bhabhaya.

PRICE OF THE ELECTION ROLL.

The Committee considered letter to the secretary from the Commissioner, dated the 10th September 1898—requesting sanction, under Sub-section 6 of Section 19 of the Municipal Act III of 1888, to fix a fee for copies of the Preliminary Election Roll which has to be published on or before the 9th October 1898, and stating that Re. 1 was the rate fixed by the Committee for the Roll issued before 1897; that in 1897 the Committee taking into consideration the cost of printing 200 copies of the Roll in 1896, which amounted to Rs. 1,270-2-8, fixed the price as Rs. 3 each as per their Resolution, dated the 28th September 1897 ; but that, when the final Election Roll was ready, the Committee fixed its price at Rs. 2 under their Resolution, dated the 17th November 1897, which otherwise would have been Rs. 6 per copy. Requesting the Committee to decide whether the price of the Preliminary Election Roll should be fixed at Re. 1 or at Rs. 3 per copy.

The Committee empowered the Commissioner to sell the copy at Rs. 6 each.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME TO THE VICEROY ELECT.

The Committee considered resolution of the Corporation, dated the 12th September 1898, as follows :—"1. That the Corporation do vote a cordial address of welcome to the Right Hon'ble George N. Curzon, the Viceroy-designate, on his first arrival in Bombay to assume the reins of the Government of India. "2. That a Committee of the following Councillors be appointed to draft the address :—The President ; the Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, C.I.E. ; Mr. G. W. Roughton ; Mr. T. W. Cuffe ; Mr. R. H. Vincent, C.I.E. ; Mr. R. M. Sayani ; Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee ; Mr. D. E. Wacha ; Mr. Mulji B. Bhabhaya ; and Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola. "3. That, on the recommendation of the Standing Committee, the Corporation will be prepared to sanction the outlay for illuminating the address and for a silver casket to contain the address."

The chairman remarked that the cost incurred when Lord Dufferin left and Lord Landsdowne set his foot in India amounted to Rs. 1,500. This cost included presentation of addresses to both the Viceroys. The cost incurred for presentation of an address to Lord Reay and Mr. Dadabhoy Nowroji was Rs. 1,300 on each occasion. He asked them to bear in mind the present stress on the finances of the Municipality when voting a suitable sum for the casket and address. The casket cost nearly Rs. 550 on former occasions.

On the motion of Dr. N. N. Katrak, seconded by Mr. R. H. Vincent, a sum of Rs. 1,000 was voted for the address and a silver casket.

After transacting some other business of minor character, the Committee adjourned.

COLSTON HALL, in Bristol, where the Trade Union Congress has been meeting, was gutted early on 6September 1. The fire, which broke out in a neighbouring building, was the largest known in the city for half a century. There was no loss of life, and no one was injured. The great organ, which was built in 1870 by Willis, was destroyed. It cost £3,000. The damage is estimated at £30,000.

THE EXTORTION CASE.

TRIAL AT THE SESSIONS COURT.

SEPARATE TRIAL OF CLIVE DURANT.

AT the adjourned fourth Criminal Sessions of the High Court yesterday, the case in which Mr. Jeejeebhoy Framjee Petit charges Clive Durant, Dhunjeebhoy D. Dadysett, Cooverjee Merwanjee Mehta, Alexander William, and Sorabjee Rustomjee Batliwalla with attempting to extort money from him was called on for trial yesterday at the Sessions Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy presiding. Mr. Macpherson, with Mr. Branson and Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen appeared on behalf of the prosecution ; the Hon. Mr. Mehta, instructed by Mr. Captain, appeared for Dhunjeebhoy D. Dady ; M. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., for Cooverjee M. Mehta ; and Mr. F. Sorabjee Talyarkhan, represented the accused Batliwalla. The platform of the court was closely packed with members of the profession. In the gallery were several European ladies and a crowd of natives. The court was crowded in every part of it.

The accused Clive Durant, who was placed in the dock together with the

and I trust you will advise your client to accept my proposal. When the proceedings were going on in the Police Court, I attempted to point out to Durant, who took a leading part in the defence, the wisdom of curtailing the litigation by admitting what had taken place and of asking the Magistrate to deal lightly on the subject. He declined to follow my advice, and from time to time buoyed me up with the hope that through his tactics the proceedings would be prolonged before the Magistrate to such an extent, and the prosecution so worried, that it would be given up by the complainant in sheer disgust. Whilst Durant was carrying on the proceedings in the manner indicated by him, I threatened him on several occasions to tender my statement to the Magistrate unless he curtailed the proceedings. Since the committal I have separated from Durant who was living with me, and I have made up my mind to act according to my own judgment. I propose to you to obtain from the court a pardon for me before the trial proceeds. If I am made a witness in the case I offer to give evidence in the case of facts within my knowledge, which will corroborate the evidence of Mr. Jeejeebhoy Jehangir Davur and Nanabhoy Cowasjee, and go still further to prove the case for the prosecution. I have within my knowledge other facts to prove the case for the prosecution of which the witnesses for the prosecution have no knowledge. I request you to pay your careful and early attention to this matter. I am obliged to make this request in writing because you did not accord me an interview when I sought the same to explain to you the position I wished to take—I am, &c.,

A. WILLIAMS.

To the above letter, the learned counsel said, a reply was sent by the solicitors' firm stating that counsel would be instructed to apply to the Sessions Court for the tender of a pardon, but he (Williams) should bear in mind that such pardon would be granted on his making a true and full disclosure as provided by the Code. Mr. Macpherson proceeded to state that when offenders were brought to trial on a charge of conspiracy in regard to which it was hopeless to expect that adequate proof would be obtained unless with the aid of a person or persons engaged in the conspiracy, who elected at some stage of the inquiry to give evidence against their colleagues or confreres in the conspiracy, they of course occupied the position of an accomplice, and the court would know how to deal with their evidence, which was that of an accomplice and the jury would be guided by the court, accordingly. The prosecution considered that having regard to the nature of the offence it was a legitimate course for them to follow under the circumstances.

Mr. Mehta said that he had only one remark to offer to his lordship to show whether it would be conducive to the ends of justice to grant pardon to Williams. That was not a case in which the prosecution could urge that they had got no direct evidence in regard to the transactions upon which they proceeded. Whenever there was such direct evidence the courts were always chary of tendering pardon to accomplices. If there was direct evidence for the prosecution, the point that deserved their most careful consideration was whether a man, who had joined a certain conspiracy should be allowed to escape the consequences thereof. Was there any reason why Williams, if he had committed a crime, should not take his trial along with the other accused? He asked his lordship to consider if this was a case where pardon should be granted.

Mr. Anderson said that in addition to what had fallen from his learned friend Mr. Mehta, he had another reason for not acceding to the request of the prosecution. He held in his hand an affidavit made by his client, which showed that if Williams was granted a pardon, he would not make a full and true disclosure in that case. He would read the affidavit.

His lordship said that the affidavit could not be read. He asked if the accused were given notice of the application made by Mr. Macpherson.

Mr. Mehta: No notice was given to us.

Mr. Anderson said that no notice was given to his client. The affidavit, if allowed to be read, would show that his client desired to subpœna Williams, daughter, whose evidence was exceedingly important to them. His client went to Williams' bungalow last night to serve the subpœna on the girl, when he found that Williams and his family were at dinner. His client was asked to wait till dinner was over. When he explained to Williams the purpose of his visit, he was asked to wait outside until dinner was over. His client was not able to serve the summons on the girl because Williams afterwards told him that she would not be seen. The girl had not appeared since, and they were unable to find her. She would probably not be seen until after the Sessions.

The Judge: She can be arrested.

Mr. Anderson said it was quite another matter. Williams, if a pardon was granted him, would not from what had transpired last night, make a full and true disclosure as a witness in the case. On the contrary he appeared to be a man who had been deliberately bought over by the other side.

Mr. Talyarkhan supported Mr. Mehta's views, and stated that if a pardon was granted Williams was not likely to speak the truth.

Durant said that he hoped that his lordship would not at all be prejudiced by what had been written by Williams as the instance of one of the agents of the prosecution. The statements contained in the letter were entirely and absolutely devoid of any foundation. He had long known, and it was a part of his defence in the lower court that overtures had been made to buy over from the very early stage of the proceedings. It could be proved by the evidence of the jail authorities and others that at the very outset overtures were made to suppress his evidence by giving him a very handsome sum. He was himself a witness to that fact. The man was in such absolutely wretched circumstances that when he was imprisoned with him, his daughter used to write begging for a loan of some eight annas, and the jail superintendent out of sheer pity supported the family while he (Williams) was in jail. Williams and his family were now living in great luxury at Pallonjee's hotel, which was conducted by the son-in-law of Dorabjee Patel, the arch plotter in the case, the agent of the prosecution, who was doing that dirty work which a respectable firm like that of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen would never condescend to do. If inquiries were made, it would be found that the man was now in affluent circumstances having two suites of apartments in the hotel at his disposal. When he thoroughly exposed the witness Nanabhoy Engineer and shewed that he was an insolvent and had his credit shaken in the Police Court, the prosecution proceeded to buy up that wretched man and to take advantage of his necessity. That was a thing which they all knew long ago. He asked in the name of justice that before Williams was allowed to speak in the witness-box and to perjure himself, inquiries might be made if he was not in a state of utter destitution.

Williams here asked his lordship to be allowed to answer the accusations made against him by Durant.

The Judge: We are now considering whether a pardon should be given to you.

Williams said Durant had made false insinuations. It was all a tissue of falsehoods.

His lordship said that it seemed to him that in a case of conspiracy, which this apparently was, if the prosecution could procure evidence of one party to the conspiracy, pardon being tendered to him on the condition that he would make a full and true disclosure of everything that had happened, the court would accede to such an application. Of course if Williams turned out in the witness-box to be a worthless character, the jury would have to weigh and appreciate his evidence, and if it appeared that he had given false evidence he would have to stand his trial. His lordship then asked Williams if he accepted those conditions?

Williams: I do, my lord, entirely in the interest of justice.

His lordship said that as to the order of the trial there was no real valid reason offered by the first accused why his trial should follow that of the other accused. He was apparently the principal accused, and he should stand his trial first. His lordship then gave order to the Clerk of the Crown to empanel a jury for the trial of Durant.

Before the jury could be empanelled, Durant applied to the court to reserve the point raised by him under section 434 of the Procedure Code.

His Lordship remarked that he could do that only in the case of his being convicted. However, if Durant wished it, his Lordship would make a note of his application.

Names of eleven special European jurors were then called out one after another, out of whom Durant challenged five and two were challenged on behalf of the prosecution. As this completed the list of European jurors summoned for the sessions, four European gentlemen, who happened to be in the court as spectators, were called upon to serve on the jury. Of these two proved unacceptable to the accused and one to counsel for the prosecution. The fourth gentleman, Mr. Charles W. Carson, of the Paper Currency Office was, after some discussion, allowed to go, as he said that there was no one in his department, who could do his work in his absence.

The case was eventually adjourned to 2-30 p.m. in order to enable the Clerk of the Crown to get a further supply of European jurors.

In the afternoon a jury was formed, which consisted of the following gentlemen:—

Mr R A Hildreth, Foreman.

Mr J A Lord	Mr N G Velinkar
Mr R H McDowell	Mr Govind K Ranade
Mr J W Rice	Mr Brijmohan Lall
Mr F J Clark	Mr Sorabji C Sett

When the last juror Mr. Sorabji C. Sett was about to be sworn, Mr. Macpherson applied to the court to ask him if he was not a friend of one of the accused, if that was the case, it was desirable that he should not serve as a juror.

The juror admitted that he was on friendly terms with one of the accused.

After consulting the Clerk of the Crown, his Lordship declined to accede to Mr. Macpherson's request on the ground that the jury had already chosen their foreman, and that eight of the jurors had already been sworn.

Mr. Macpherson, in opening the case for the prosecution, said that while he rose to address the jury, congratulating himself on having secured a body of gentlemen so satisfactory in its composition and so capable of dealing efficiently with the case, he was quite conscious that though his own sentiments were free from being of a lamentable character, they (the jurors) might be lamenting their misfortune for having been selected to try this case and to listen to the dreary opening address of the counsel for the prosecution. He thoroughly understood their feelings and entirely sympathised with them, and as a proof of that sympathy he would use every effort in his power to confine himself within reasonable limits and save their valuable time as much as possible. The case was in its main outline an extremely simple one. But there was some danger of its being embarrassed by a large mass of detail and some possible incidents in the future progress of the case. Mr. Macpherson then proceeded to read certain sections of the Penal Code, which applied to the case. He said that there were four other persons, named Dady, Mehta, Battiwalla and Williams, who, the prosecution suggested, had conspired with Durant to commit the offence of extorting money from Mr. Jeejeebhoy Petit by putting him in fear of a charge being brought against him of having committed the offence of criminal breach of trust in his capacity as agent of the Oriental Mills. It was by no means necessary, in order to constitute guilt that Mr. Jeejeebhoy should have been put in any fear whatever. It was quite enough if an attempt was made to put him in fear. There was not the slightest reason for Mr. Jeejeebhoy to entertain any fear or apprehension in this matter, and in fact he did not entertain any such apprehension. But that did not make the slightest difference. The question the jury had to decide was, whether it was or it was not the case that there was a conspiracy, to which these five persons were parties, to try and wring money out of Mr. Jeejeebhoy by threatening him with criminal proceedings.

It was necessary that he should tell them a little about the affairs of this mill, out of whose affairs sprang the motive idea of this conspiracy. Mr. Macpherson then related at some length the circumstances connected with the defalcations committed by one Chaganlal, a *mehja* of the Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company, the private meetings of the shareholders of the mill, held at the instance of one of the accused Cooverji Mehta, the arrangement arrived at between the agents of the mill and the dissatisfied shareholders for making good to the company the loss sustained on account of defalcations, and the willingness of the complainant to pay off a certain part of the loss out of his commission. But this, the learned counsel observed, did not appear to have satisfied Mehta and Dady, as shortly afterwards complainant was informed that proceedings against him were under contemplation. The learned counsel then referred to the two interviews which Durant had with Mr. Jeejeebhoy Petit, meetings of the accused and the other co-accused in the Civil Jail, Durant's "opinion" regarding the intended prosecution of Mr. Jeejeebhoy on the charge of criminal breach of trust, the attempt of the accused to sell two informations laid against the directors of the Oriental Mills to the local newspapers, the accused Williams' interview with Jehangir Davur, the temporary disappearance of certain exhibits in the case, and other incidents which form part of the evidence in the case. With regard to the tender of pardon to Williams, Mr. Macpherson said that neither he, nor his other colleagues, nor the solicitors, who instructed him, had any knowledge whatever as to what statement Williams would make, but any way there was no doubt that he would be a very important witness. As regarded Durant's suggestion about the substitution of a document during the time, certain exhibits were reported to have disappeared, the learned counsel observed that the statement of Mr. Owen put it beyond all doubt that the exhibits, which were placed before the court after the reported disappearance, were the same that were originally put in. This suggestion on the part of Durant, he said, threw a flood of light on his unscrupulous ingenuity. After some further remarks Mr. Macpherson concluded his long address, which occupied a little more than two hours.

Evidence was then called for the prosecution.

Framjee Jamsetjee Kathoke was examined by Mr. Macpherson to show that accused Mehta had been getting up meetings of shareholders of the Oriental Mill and had been working against Mr. Jeejeebhoy.

Mr. Jeejeebhoy Framjee Petit was next examined about the communications he had with accused Mehta and Dady. He also referred to a visit at his office from Durant, who came with a letter from Sir D. M. Petit. Durant, showed witness a copy of an information which, he said, Dady and Mehta were going to file against the directors of the Oriental Mill. Durant said he had gone over the information, and that he was quite sure that the information was very strong against the witness and the other directors of the mill.

The court adjourned at 5-45 p.m. till this (Thursday) morning.

SWIMMING EXTRAORDINARY.

EXHIBITION IN BOMBAY.

On Tuesday evening, that day being a Parsi holiday, an exhibition of some smart and remarkable swimming feats took place at the Victoria Swimming Bath, situated at Middle Colaba, in the compound of Chanda Ramjee Cotton Press, in the presence of upwards of three hundred Parsi ladies and gentlemen. The Bath and its surroundings were decorated with flags, banners, flowers and evergreens, the latter being supplied by Mr. Hormasjee Ardeshir Dubash, the local florist. This exhibition was organized by Mr. K. M. Shroff, a devotee of the swimming art, and a proficient swimmer himself. The proprietors, Messrs. Framjee and Dadabhoy Cursetjee Gorvala, are professional swimmers, and the breast of the former was decorated with three medals, two for swimming and the third for athletics. The medals were given to him by the Thakore Sahebs of Wadhwan and Jamnagar for skill manifested by him before their Highnesses on two different occasions in their own Capital cities a few years ago. The Bath is large and deep enough for all practical purposes, and as it is supplied with fresh spring water, it is kept in a clean state throughout the year. It was opened in 1896, and within the short space of nearly three years, some eight hundred persons have taken advantage of this institution, and learned the art, which might some day save their lives. Among the members are some of our native lawyers, merchants, brokers, medical practitioners and others. Two or three exhibitions were previously held, and the favourable impression created by them, attracted a large number of sight-seers to the Victoria Bath on Tuesday evening. About thirty items were put down on the card, and they were all gone through in an amazing and rapid style. The first introduced a little urchin scarcely five years old, who showed his first lessons in swimming, and finished off by going a short distance without the help of his master. What is technically called "Frog swimming," was performed by Master Jehangir K. M. Shroff, and side-swimming by Mr. Ardesir Green. The next feat was shown by Rustom Motivala, a boy twelve years old, who made a high jump from an elevated platform with all his clothes on, swimming and under-dressing himself under water. Ardesir Green performed the difficult feat of floating, he being tied up in a bundle, which naturaly excited much wonder. Some dumb-bell exercises were executed by some boys to the tune of music supplied by an amateur band, the members of which were Parsi girls and boys. Mr. Bomanji Kharshedji Katelli, a daring youth, twice exhibited his skill by his summer-saults from a height, and plunging headlong in water and then swimming ashore. R. B. Batlivala swam a distance in his full complement of clothes, wearing his spectacles and his topi, without wetting these two last-named articles. Framroz Banajee, eighteen years old, dived in water, keeping his breath for three minutes and twenty seconds. Keki Batlivala moved in water in a perpendicular style, playing upon his violin accompanied by another playing upon his drum. Jal Patel gave a tea party on water to a number of youngsters, who regaled themselves on tea, biscuits, cakes, &c., all treading water as it is called, that is, swimming perpendicularly. Mr. K. M. Shroff's little boys and girls shewed great agility by gliding over water in a graceful and neat style. A scene of life saving was enacted by Ardesir Green, one of the best pupils of the Bath, by rescuing Mini Cooper from drowning. Rustim Motivala again showed his art in controlling his body in water by holding up a large chair in one hand and swimming with the other. Ardesir Green and Byramji Paymaster swam with their hands and feet being tightly tied, the former being also bundled up in a piece of cloth. The whole scene was concluded by a number of youngsters playing polo on the water, which excited considerable merriment. Mr. Kekan's Tata then thanked the proprietors and the pupils for affording to the sight-seers more than two hours and a half of genuine pleasure by their skill in the useful art of swimming. Byramji N. Cooper wrote a Persian verse while treading water, and in the same style R. M. Motivala wrote a few sentences in praise of the science of swimming and exhorting his fellowmen to practise the art for their own safety. Mr. K. M. Shroff was also thanked for his trouble in organizing this show. Mr. H. A. Dubash then distributed some beautiful bouquets of flowers to the most successful pupils. The Band having played the national anthem, the proceedings were brought to a close.

THE Swedish Commission has reported in favour of expending about a million and-a-half sterling on the defences of Sweden.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 13th September:—

LANSDOWNE ROAD.

Resumed consideration of the letter from the Engineer, dated 2nd September 1898, asking sanction for the paving of that portion of the southern foot-path of Lansdowne Road, which adjoins plot C, agreed to be leased to Mr. W. B. Green; observing that from the tracing furnished by him, on which the foot-path referred to is coloured red, it will be seen that all the other foot-paths round the plot are now paved, and that it would improve the appearance of both the plot and the Lansdowne Road, if the paving were completed; adding that it can be done more economically now that the men are working on the ground than in the future; and estimating the probable cost of the paving at Rs. 1,088, which may be met from contingencies, in the estimate for filling in the Apollo Basin, &c.—Sanction dated 25th April 1898. Submitted tracing above referred to.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Resumed consideration of the letter from Messrs. Gostling and Morris, dated 20th August 1898, forwarding, for the favourable consideration of the Trustees, a building scheme showing the stables, coach-houses and rooms for syces, which their clients desire to erect upon the vacant land which forms part of their several holdings; and saying that, in construction, these buildings will follow closely on the lines of the stables recently erected for the Apollo Hotel, and that every care will be taken to make the ventilation and drainage perfect. Pointing out, with reference to the objection taken by the owner of the upper-storied house to the west of plot 19, to the erection of stables upon that plot, that a building, such as is proposed, will prejudice the premises in question infinitely less than if No. 19 is occupied by a residential building containing several upper stories, and that by referring to their plan, it will be observed that between the stable and the neighbours' premises, there will be a coach-house which will have the effect of shutting off from that building any noise made by the horses. Submitted the building scheme above referred to. Read reports from the Engineer and the Traffic Manager, dated 29th and 31st August 1898, respectively, saying that the designs for stables submitted by Messrs. Gostling and Morris are good and well ventilated and may be approved. Read note by the Chairman, dated 6th September 1898, saying that the application for plot No. 19 was considered and submitted when the Trustees (*vide* their Resolution No. 21, dated 18th January last,) decided that, before dealing with it, a sketch plan showing the proposed arrangement on both floors of the building and the gully space it is proposed to leave on the west side of the plot should be submitted, that the sketch land is included in the designs submitted with the Architects' letter above referred to; recommending that plot No. 19 be leased for the purpose referred to, at the rates of rent and generally on the terms stated in his application dated 30th December 1897 and on the following further conditions:—(1) that the gully space on the west side of the stables be increased from 3ft. to 18ft.; (2) that the plans and specification be in accordance with the bye-laws and regulations of the Municipality; (3) that the area on which rent will be charged shall not be less than that shown on the Port Trust site plan, and as much more as the Trustees may approve being built over; and (4) that the conditions laid down in Trustees' Resolutions Nos. 72 and 232, dated respectively 2nd March 1897 and 20th July 1897, be strictly adhered to, so far as they are applicable to this case; and remarking that the plans submitted include proposals for joint stables to be constructed on plots Nos. 10 and 11, which proposals involve building on portion of the garden spaces which need the approval of the Trustees, and if approved, will necessitate some alteration in the wording of the leases now under preparation; recommending that the proposals be approved, subject to the conditions stipulated in the case of plot No. 19, so far as they are applicable, and to the further condition that the width of the mews be increased from 19ft. 6in. to 30 feet, and that the centre line of the mews be co-terminus with the boundary line dividing the plots, and adding that, as the buildings adjoin a public road, no gully space is required on the west side.

Resolution.—The Chairman's recommendations are approved.

MODI BAY CONVENIENCES.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 3rd September 1898, forwarding a letter from Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Company, asking to be allowed to lay a second siding, into their yard, saying that it is understood the company is willing to pay the whole cost of the siding both inside and outside their boundary, but asks to be allowed the ground lying outside their boundary, for the siding, rent-free; pointing out that the siding does not interfere with any present or future proposals of the Trustees, and the ground occupied by it is seldom used; and recommending that Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Company be allowed to lay the siding on condition that they agree to pay a nominal rent for the ground and to remove the siding within three months, if called upon to do so. Submitted letter from Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Company, dated 1st September, together with a tracing showing the proposed siding. Submitted also tracing from the Engineer, showing the lines of the proposed dock extension. Read up memorandum from the Traffic Manager, dated 8th September 1898, concurring with the Engineer's recommendations and suggesting that one rupee per month would be a suitable nominal rent to charge. Read note by the Chairman, recommending that the necessary land may be given to Messrs. Ewart, Latham and Company, free of charge, as the fees charged per, from will quite repay the Trustees; that the fees will be those prevailing from time to time for bunder sidings, the present rate being 4 annas per ton; that the area of the land required is approximately about 278 square yards, and the rate for temporary occupation on the Mody Bay Estate is Rs. 7 for 500 square feet per month, and that at this rate the annual rent would be Rs. 420.

Resolution.—The Trustees are pleased to approve of the proposal to construct a second siding as shown on the Engineer's plan dated 3rd September 1898, and to grant the extra land required at a nominal rent of one rupee per annum on the following conditions:—(*a*) the siding shall be wholly constructed and maintained in proper order at the full and proper cost of the lessees; (*b*) that the lessees shall at their own cost remove the siding and re-make the ground within three months if called upon to do so; (*c*) that the payment of fees on the tonnage will be at the same rate as referred to in T. R. No. 291, dated 21st September 1897; and (*d*) that the conditions shall be embodied in an Agreement to be drawn up by the Solicitor at the lessees' expense.

PROPOSED RECLAMATION.

Submitted letter from the Engineer, dated 15th April 1898, forwarding plans and estimates for the proposed reclamation at Mody Bay between Ballard Pier and Goa Street.

Submitted memorandum from the Traffic Manager, dated 22nd April 1898.

Submitted application to lease the piece of land between the Mangalore and Coompta Streets, including the whole frontage between the two streets and extending back 200 feet, making a block of about 150 feet by 200 feet

Submitted letter from the Engineer, dated 17th August 1898, forwarding the revised plans of the proposed reclamation, together with an estimate for the work, amounting to Rs. 1,08,347, exclusive of engineering. Read minute by the Chairman, dated 27th August 1898, concurring in by the other Trustees, stating that the cost of the proposed work, including all charges, is Rs. 1,74,795, which will render available a net building area of 5,431 square yards and 4,981 square yards of wharf area, and that calculated over the building area only the cost per square yard works out to about Rs. 32. That on this same Mody Bay Estate, between Gogo and Bori Streets corner, plots, facing the Frere Road, pay rents of Rs. 2, 2½ and 3 for 10 years and Rs. 3½ for 20 years, and south of Bori Street Rs. 1½ and 1¾ for 10 years and Rs. 2½ for 30 years—all on 59 years' leases; pointing out that there is no reason why equally good rents should not be obtained for what appears to be a much better frontage; adding that these rents, calculated on a 4 per cent basis work out to a value per square yard of Rs. 53·59 and 37·40 respectively, excluding the value of the reversion as compared to the cost of Rs. 32 per square yard, the scheme, on its own merits, should ultimately pay; and remarking that it may be claimed that, in providing a line wide road of 60 feet along the sea face, a wharf of about 40 feet in width, good lapding places for boats, and excellent building sites for large public offices or residences, the Trustees are undertaking a work which must be an improvement to the City and the Port and of considerable benefit to the general public. Recommending that (para. 13):—(1) the plans and estimate, the latter amounting to Rs. 1,74,795, including all charges, or Rs. 1,08,347 for works only, be sanctioned; (2) that the works be commenced at once; and (3) that a sum of Rs. 35,000, to meet expenditure up to the 31st March 1899, be re-appropriated from Item I, Section IV, of the current year's Budget.

Resolution.—The recommendations made in para. 13 of the Chairman's minute are approved and sanctioned.

TRUSTEES APPOINTMENTS.

Read Government Notification dated 7th September 1898, intimating that, under Section 10 of the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to fix the 9th November 1898 as the date from which the term of office of the first nominated Trustees shall commence.

Read letter from the Acting Secretary to Government, General Department, dated 7th September 1898, inviting Trustees' attention to the notification above referred to, and pointing out that, under the provisions of Section 11 of the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, the representatives of the Trust on the Board of Trustees should be elected not later than the 24th October next, *i.e.*, a fortnight before the date fixed in the notification.

Submitted note by the Chairman, dated 8th September 1898, concurred in by the other Trustees, suggesting certain rules for the election of a Port Trustee to the Board of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay. The note having been circulated to the Trustees was not read.

Resolution.—The Trustees are pleased to approve of the following rules framed under Section 6 of Bombay Act IV of 1898 to regulate the election of a Trustee of the Port to the Board of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay:—The election shall be made as one of the ordinary meetings of the Board convened and regulated under the provisions of Section 16 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879, and notice of the date of such election shall be circulated to the Trustees not less than seven days, before the election takes place in the case of an ordinary permanent vacancy, and not less than three days in the case of a "casual" vacancy.

Proposals of the name of a Trustee to fill a vacancy can only be made at the meeting when the election is under consideration, and the election shall then be made by votes to be given in person by the Trustees attending that meeting; the voting to be regulated by the provisions of clauses (e) and (f) of Section 16 of the Port Trust Act.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 9th Sept. 1898.	Total from 1st April to 9th Sept. 1898.	For week ending 9th Sep. 1897.	Total from 1st April to 9th Sept. 1897.
Vessels piloted into harbour	12	444	11	336
" piloted out of harbour	17	464	23	363
" transported	6	362	20	293
" attended to	7	48	4	59
" warped	1	36	2	25

CRICKET.

SWIFT C. C. vs INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C.

A CRICKET match was played between the above clubs on Saturday the 17th instant, on the Marine Battalion ground, quite a number of spectators including a fair sprinkling of ladies being on the field witnessing the game. Owing to the continual showers of rain, however, the match could not be played out, the same ending in a draw. The Captain of the I. P. C. C. winning the toss, elected to bat. Messrs. M. D'mello, A. D'Silva, S. D'Silva and M. Gonsalves, scoring 23, 20, 14 and 11 runs respectively for their side. Messrs. Stephens and Smith bowled well for the Swift Club, the former taking 2 wickets for 17 runs, and the latter 2 for 22 runs. With 5 wickets down for 74 runs, the Captain of the Indo.-P. C. C., declared his innings closed.

The Swift men opened their innings rather unfavorably, four wickets falling for 18 runs. The bad state of weather and the wet field probably had much to do with this ill-luck. But Stephens (8 not out) and Mr. Shaller (4 not out) soon enlivened the game and brought the score to 26 runs, when time was called. The following are the scores:—

INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C

A D'Silva c Williamson b Smith	20
M D'Mello b Stephens	23
P Andrade b Smith	2
L Rodrigues c Blunt b Williamson	2
S D'Silva c and b Stephens	14
M Gonsalves not out	11
C Texeira not out	2
Total	74

SWIFT C. C.

F Good b D'Mello	7
H Blunt c Noronha b D'Mello	23
W Thoy b D'Mello	1
B Stephens not out	8
W Sharman c Gonsalves	0
W Shaller (Capt) not out	4
E Brown, F Smyth, B Williamson, Kershaw, R Sharman	to bat
Extras	1
Total	26

INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C. vs ISRAELITE C. C.

In the match between the above clubs, played on the 18th instant, the former made 57, and the latter 44, the Indo Portuguese thus winning by 13 runs. Mr. A. D'Silva, with his 17, and Mr. Andrade with his 9, played well for their side. Mr. Rodrigues was very effectual with the ball, taking 5 wickets for 15 runs. Mr. Halim, with his 17, was the only man among the Israelites to make any stand. Mr. Samuel bowled well, taking 7 wickets for 18 runs. The following are the scores:—

INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C.

P Andrades b M Samuel	9
M D'Mello b Samson	1
A D'Silva c Samson b M Samuel	19
M Gonsalve b M Samuel	0
S D'Silva c Isack b Samuel	6
J Rodrigues l b w b Isack	4
P Lopes l b w b Isack	3
A Vaz b M Samuel	8
R B D'Costa l b w M Samuel	0
J Dias not out	1
A Lemos b M Samuel	0
Extras	6
Total	57

THE ISRAELITE C. C.

P Aaron run out	8
A Ezekiel b D'Mello	0
B Haeem at Vaz b D'Mello	17
I J Samson b Rodrigues	1
I J Isack c D'Costa b Rodrigues	1
M Samuel b Rodrigues	4
D J Samson b D'Mello	6
M Joseph c D'Mello b Rodrigues	0
Jacob Isac run out	1
E Ruben b Rodrigues	0
S C Samson not out	3
Extras	3
Total	44

B. B. AND C. I. RY. C. C. vs. MARINE BATTALION.

The above clubs met on Saturday, the game ending in an unsatisfactory draw. Thanks to the dashing innings of Radcliffe and Peyton, the Railway team, who had previously lost 4 wickets for 7 runs, saved what would probably have been their first defeat this season. S. Ibrahim and Govind bowled well for the regiment. The following were the scores:—

B. B. AND C. I. RY. C. C.

Mr Allison b Govind	1
Mr Nonda b Ibrahim	0
Mr Colabawalla c Raknak b Ibrahim	2
Mr A L Smith, b Govind	0
Mr G H Radcliffe c Pandnak b Govind	27
Mr W D Peyton run out	29
Col Oliver, Mr E Stonnison, Mr Master, Mr Kaka	did not bat
Extras	2
Total for 6 wickets	63

MARINE BN. C. C.

Lieut Waller b Bonds	3
Pte Gesnak not out	7
Lieut Doldy not out	3
Capt Hyman, S Ibrahim, Govind, Sherkhan, Sonak, Pandnak, Rahnak	did not bat
Extras	2
Total for 1 wicket	15

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA vs. THE KSHATRIYA UNION C. C.

This annual fixture of the Kshatriya Union Cricket Club was played last Tuesday on the Hindu Gymkhana ground against the strong combination of the Gymkhana eleven, comprising of Messrs. Chonker, Kirtiker and Bhandare, which, as was expected, resulted in favour of the Gymkhana by 53 runs. Messrs. N. B. Dadarker, 32 not out, K. A. Date, 22, B. G. Parakar, 14, and B. P. Parakar 17 played well for the Kshatriyas, while for the Gymkhana, Messrs. Kirtikar Captain of the team, scored 59, Sinkar 31, Bhandare 22 and Telang 19; Mr. Choaker had the misfortune of being L.B.W. for 4 runs only. The Kshatriya, Captain Mr. Dadarker, bowled well for his side, securing 6 wickets for 70 runs while for the Gymkhana a young colt, V. B. Talpade took 4 wickets for 21 runs only:—

KSHATRIYA U. C. C.

B G Parakar b Sinkar	14
B P Parakar c f b Bhandare	17
M H P-thare b Talpade	1
K A Date c Chonker b Kirtiker	22
N B Dadarkor (Capt) not out	32
K P Umbre c Gidh b Kirtiker	0
P S Davare c Bhandare	8
K K Chembursker b Talpade	1
H M Parakar b Talpade	0
B D Parakar b Kirtiker	6
M H Parakar b Talpade	0
Extras	13
Total	114

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Chonker l b w Dadarker	4
Shinker b Date	31
Bhandare b Dadarker	59
Kirtiker c B P Parakar b Dadarkar	19
Telang caught out b Dadarkar	0
Gadamble b Date	0
Talpade b Dadarker	1
Pilgaonker b Dadarker	0
Khota b Dadarker	1
Gidh run out	15
Gatasker not out	2
Extras	13
Total	167

A TERRIBLE accident occurred on Aug. 29, at the Marsh-gate Works, Stratford, where the blood and bones of horses are boiled down in the manufacture of artificial manure. Mr. Barber and his manager, with four workmen, were superintending the boiling of thirty hundredweight in a cylinder situated in a shed, when the man-hole cover slipped, and they were instantly enveloped by a scalding stream of blood. Two of the men died from their injuries within an hour, Mr. Barber seriously scalded, and his manager in a very critical condition, were conveyed to a hospital. The other two workmen also suffered severely.

INDIAN INVENTIONS AND DESIGNS.

APPLICATIONS in respect of the undermentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, during the week ending 16th September 1898:—

Charles Deatz, engineer, of 58 Rue de Hongrie, Brussels. Process and apparatus for printing multi-coloured designs upon fabrics and warp chains.

Peter Stuart Brown, manufacturer, of Bothwell Park, Bothwell, in the county of Lanark, Scotland. Improvements in and relating to wooden boxes.

Frank Swales, veterinary dentist, of 50 Cathcart road, Brompton, London. An improved hook, more especially intended for use as a curb hook.

Riccardo Arno, electrical engineer, and professor, of 15 Piazza Statuto, Turin, in the Kingdom of Italy. Improvements in electric motors.

Ali Ahmad, assistant manager, Punjab Economical press, Lahore. Persian and Urdu types made in accordance with the art of Persian calligraphy.

Specifications of the undermentioned inventions have been filed:—

Louis Braly, gentleman, of 19 Cours de la Liberte, Lyons, in the republic of France. Improvements in auto-luminous compositions. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Robert Cooke Sayer, engineer, of 11 Clyde road, Redland, Bristol, in the county of Gloucester. Improvements in electric railways and their vehicles. (Specification filed 13 August 1898.)

Johann Ferdinand Robert Knobloch, engineer, of 10 von der Tann-Strasse, Hamburg, in the German empire. Improvements in turbine apparatus for tide mills. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Thomas Holliday, of the firm of Read, Holliday and and Sons, limited, chemical manufacturers, of Upperhead row, Huddersfield, England. Improvements in acetylene lamps for carriages, cycles, motor cars and other vehicles. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Benjamin Charles Pole, consulting engineer, of 4 Gloucester road, Kensington. Improvements in motive power engines. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.

Ottmar Kern, engineer, 9 Avenue de l'Opera, Paris. Improvements in incandescent gas burners. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Emile Le Maire, advocate, Court of Appeal, of 15 Rue du Terrage, Paris. Improved mechanism for opening, closing and securing sliding doors and windows. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Emile Le Maire, advocate, Court of Appeal, of 15 Rue du Terrage, Paris. Improved mechanism for opening, closing and securing sliding doors. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

Tito Livio Carbone, engineer, of 343 Calle Sarandi, Monte Video, in the republic of Uruguay. An apparatus for making sheet metal boxes. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

George Falvey Beyts, district engineer, East Indian railway, Allahabad. A collapsible wash-hand stand suitable for military and other purposes. (Specification filed 9 September 1898.)

George Falvey Beyts, district engineer, East Indian railway, Allahabad. An improved camp bed-stead. (Specification filed 9 September 1898.)

Ottmar Kern, engineer, of 9 Avenue del'Opera, Paris. An improvement in Bunsen gas burners. (Specification filed 31 August 1898.)

The fees prescribed have been paid for the continuance of exclusive privilege in respect of the undermentioned inventions for the periods shown against each:—

Samson Fox. Improvements in the manufacture of paste boxes and in apparatus for the purpose (From 4 September 1898 to 4 September 1899.)

Philip Townshend Somerville Large. An improved form of railway steel chair for attaching flat-footed rails to wooden transverse and longitudinal sleepers. (From 13 September 1898 to 13 September 1899.)

Sidney Straker, and the Central Cyclone company, limited. Improvements in machines for grinding, crushing or disintegrating grain and other materials (From 3 September 1898 to 3 September 1899.)

Whereas the inventors of the undermentioned inventions have respectively failed to perfect within the time limited, the exclusive privilege of making, selling, and using the said inventions in British India, and of authorizing others so to do, has ceased:—

Albert William Atwater and John Francis Mackie. Improvements in heat deflectors. (Specification filed 30 May 1894.)

Davis Morgan. Improved apparatus for flushing stench traps and other pipes and passages, principally applicable to water closets and sinks. (Specification filed 9 June 1894.)

Charles Parker and Charles Herbert Parker. Improvements in the form and construction of cupolas, blast furnaces, puddling and refining furnaces for cast iron, and in the mode and manner of treating metals or ores therein. (Specification filed 2 June 1894.),

Herman Thoms. Process for obtaining p-Phenetolcarbamide. (Specification filed 30 May 1894.)

Christian Erdbrink. Improvements in blast-pipes for locomotives. (Specification filed 7 June 1894.)

Rajkristo Kumar. An apparatus for pumping water by the force of the current in ebb or flow tides. Specification filed 4 June 1894.)

BOMBAY RIFLE CLUB.

A REGULAR shoot at 700 and 800 yards took place at Santa Cruz on Tuesday morning. Only nine members turned out, but those who did

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INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c. | 1 bon. |	1,200
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,110xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,150
Commercial Bank of India.	{ 10,000 | 15,000	100	{ 100 | 75	8 p.c.	97
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
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Charter Bank...	40,000	£20	£20	9 pr. ct.	£29½
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	£125	all	£1-5s.	
National Bank of India.....	48,000	£25	£12½	8 pr. ct.	275

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Arnar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,195
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	950
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd 14 x	200
Bhownuggur City Press & Manfg. Co. Ltd	550	250	250	2½	275
Bombay Cotton Breuls Cawnpore Press Co., Lt.	1,000	125	125	dv Rs12½	95 1-2
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	18	182 1-2
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	dvdRs15	315
East India	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,200
English Press and Manfg....	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	80
Fort	150	8,500	500	25+80	775
French	200	500	500	dvdRs30	501
Harvey Sabapathy	450	450	500	dvdRs30	385
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.	700	100	100	dvdRs10	155
Khaugaum	240	450	450	Rs 60	40xd
Mahuva Press Co., Ld.....	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	210
Mahim adpura Cotton G. and P. Co, Ld.	300	500	500	53	70
Mercantile	000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	70
Motisati Co. ...	125	400	400	dvd Rs25	362 1-2
Munnar M.	100	250	all	15	72½
New Bezar	100	500	500	dvd Rs45	570
New Indian	1,000	125	125	dvd 16½	165
Prince of Wales.	150	600	0	20	400xd
Sabapathy (Bellary).	500	500	7	0	370
Sassoon.....	300	500	500	20	585
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,101
Sind	400	2,000	700	50	490
Sorab Woollen Mills	200	250	250	Nil.	75
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	37	200	all	12	200xd
Volkart	—	600		d d 62	4180

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dvd Rs 5	145
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	13	95
Badham Pile ...	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	1:5
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation...	1,000	3,800	1,200	200	4,825
Do. New Issue.	900	375	625	75	1,225
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld	1,200	100	100	dvd x	60
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	400	500	500	5-pr. ct	50
Bombay Flour Mill	,000	500	500	50	1,010
Deonar Paper Mill's	1,000	500	500	5-pr ct.	205
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills...	1,500	200	200	dvdRs10	215
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.....	2, 0	250	250	9 p ct	320
Empire of India Life A. Co., Ld.	2. 0	500	50	...	55
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct	18
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	180xd
Komp & Co. ...	4,000	200	175	21	225xd
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	33	3	18
Maroka & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	10	dvdRs15	140
Napier Hotel..	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	300	...	65
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	5,000	200		12 pr. ct	114
Phillips & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	10	dvd Rs 6	70
Port Canning Co.	6 00	000	1,000	dvdRs20	495
Soondy & Co..	1 00	100		5	70
Treasner & Co..	1 00	500		60	1,000xd
Tancker & Co..	1 00	100		...	140
Telephone Co....	1 200	250		dvdRs12	32

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Ahmedabad adv	700	1,000	000	Nil.	77
Asiatic	1,500	1,100	all	...	40
Asiatic-Indian ...	1,345	...	00	Nil	43
Aurangabad S. & M. Co., Ld	618	1,000	1,000	60	1,00
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld. (Bellary)	871	60	all	9 per ct.	
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.40	500
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co. ...	900	500	500	dvdRs.25	530xd
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld....	500	1,000	1,000	...	891
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	525
Bombay Woollen Manfg.Co. Ld.....	650	1,000	1,000	10 per ct.	1,200xd
Central India...	1,000	500	500	dvdRs.45	1,785
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	580
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	820
Coimbatore S. and W	6,000	100	100	9 pr ct	125
Gonnaughi Mills	600	500	50	25	600xd
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	Nil	435
Coorla Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	500
Currimbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	780
David Mill	1,400	800	500	dvdRs.25	4,0
Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co., Ld.....	400	250	all	dvdRs.20	250
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	330
Empress	3,100	500	500	dvd 10	450
Framjee Petit..	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.20	500
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Hingunghat Mills	700	500	500	40	650
Howard and Bulloughs ...	1,500	500	500	25	621
Hope Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50	1,400
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	40	390
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	dvdRs.15	800
Indian Manfg. Co. Ltd.	00	1,000	1,000	dvd 35	
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld ...	700	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	775
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Khatau Makanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.25	585
Leopold	3,500	100	100	7 1-2	200
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	675
LakmidasSpinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.50	980
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.100	3,000
Mahalaxmee ...	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	250
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	8,400	500	500	15 pr ct.	
Manockjee Petit	4,00	1,000	1,000	dvdRs 75	2,195
Mohanlal K. Pareikh G & Mfg Co, Ld., Amraoti	...	...	...	...	...
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Mysore S. & M. Co., Ld.....	4,000	250	250	dvdRs.15	
Madura Mills...	7,779	100	100	Nil	
National	800	1,000	1,00	Nil	ra 525
New Great Eastern.....	1,400	1,000	1,000	's. 30	300
Oriental.....	5,73	625	625	dvd Rs30	145
Presidency Mills Co.(Ld).	743	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs10	1 075
Queen Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	690
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs5(	1000
Saraswati Mills	1,250	600	500	Nil	500
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1650
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,850xd
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	490
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	210
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	dv Rs.12½	305
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Rs.50	220
Standard Mills Co.	1,800	500	500	15	210
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	600
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	dvd Rs.20	680
Sun of India and Alliance	3,000	500	5 0	dvdRs.15	400
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co....	500	1,000	1,000	50	375
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.25	400
Venishanker Lukman Shanker Mill Co. Ld...	900	800	800	dvdRs40	410xd
Victoria Mills...	2,500	2,000	1,000	Nil	2425
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	dvdRs.30	485
Wadhwan City Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co. Ld.	600	200	all	dvdRs25	250
Wadia Mills ...	1,500	1,000	1,000		

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 49m. Sun sets, 5h. 50m. High water, 8-32 m., 2-52 a. Low water, 8-42 m., 9-52 a.
Fourth Criminal Sessions, 11 a.m.
Bombay Mill-Owners' Association, Graham's Buildings, 4 p.m.
Gordon Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Hornby Road, 4 p.m.
Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-45 p.m.

POLO.—There will be a game at 5-15 this evening.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. Caledonien, will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. to-day.

POSTAL EXCHANGE.—With effect from to-day the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 6, viz., Is. 3 3d. per rupee.

A JUROR EXEMPTED FROM SERVICE.—On the application of Mr. Macpherson, Mr. E. S. Luard, a special juror, was exempted by Mr. Justice Candy, who presided at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court yesterday, from serving as a juror during the present sessions.

THE INDIAN TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—A public meeting under the auspices of the Association will be held in the Money School Hall, Kalbadevi Road, to-day at 5-45 p.m., when Dr. Mrs. Alice Van Ingen M. D., Physician in charge, Bombay Temperance Hospital, will give an address on The Evil Effects of Alcohol."

THEFT AT PEERKHAN LANE.—Ramchundra Ramlal, a Hindu residing at Peerkhan Lane, has made a report to the police that during the absence of himself and his wife from home on Tuesday afternoon, his box was broken open and gold and silver ornaments and currency notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 283 were abstracted therefrom.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of St. Mary's College will play the following programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand this evening, commencing at 5-45 (weather permitting) :—

Valse.....Twinkling Stars.....Gartner
Song.....From the depths of the heart.....Franke
Polka.....Concert Polka.....Franke
Selection.....Marino Faliero.....Donizetti
Gavotte .....For the little ones.....Rixner
Galiop .....Franke

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A DOCK LABOURER.—An inquiry was held yesterday at A Shed, Prince's Dock, by Mr. Turner, the Coroner, regarding the death of Nana Bhimaji, a dock labourer, aged 30 years. On Tuesday last, Deceased was conveying a wooden case of machinery on his head, when it suddenly slipped off, and on his falling down to the ground, the load came heavily on his body, and he was killed on the spot. The jury brought in a verdict of accidental death.

DROWNED IN THE SEA.—Mr. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquiry yesterday, at the morgue, touching the death of Bhima Krishna, aged twenty-five years, residing in a hut close to the Mahim foreshore. On Tuesday afternoon, deceased who was out of employ, and was seated on a rock in the sea, when he accidentally fell into the water and was drowned. His body was recovered some time after and removed to the morgue. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was returned by the jury.

THEFT ON BOARD A MAIL STEAMER.—The steward in charge of the P. and O. Company's steamer Chusan, which arrived here on Monday, with the China and Australian mails, has reported to the police that, while the vessel was at sea between Singapore and Colombo, some one entered a gentleman's cabin and stole a gold watch of the value of £10. It is probable that an attempt might be made by the thief or thieves to dispose the watch in the Bombay market, and the police have been asked to be on the alert.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON BOARD A VESSEL.—A Coroner's inquiry was held yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital on the body of Alibhoy Jairaj, aged twenty-five years, a shipper in the employ of Messrs. Ebrahim Hasham & Co. On Tuesday last, deceased was working on board the steamship Simla. About half-past 4 o'clock that afternoon Alibhoy was walking along the upper deck, when he was struck by a bale of piece-goods that was being hoisted and was knocked down into No. 3 hold, from a height of about twenty feet. He was brought up on the deck in an unconscious state and removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where it was found that his skull had been fractured. He died in the hospital a few hours after admission. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A PROWLING MILL THIEF CAUGHT RED-HANDED.—Before Mr. E. Wilkin, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Rajaram Lingoo, *alias* Rajana Lingoo, an old offender, having a record of one previous conviction against him, was charged, at the instance of Inspector Wilkins, with stealing a brass food-box, belonging to Kalshao, a mill-hand, employed in the Soonderdas Mill, Byculla. About noon on Saturday last, accused entered the mill compound, and seeing a brass food-box, lying near the door of the shed, where the operatives generally take their mid-day meal, picked it up. He wrapped the box in his dhoter, and was walking off with it, when he was detected by a jobber, who informed the police and the accused was arrested. The box was then shown to the complainant, who identified it as his property. The mill manager informed the Magistrate that this was the second theft of the kind committed within a week. The accused, in pleading guilty to the charge, stated that he stole the food box as he was hungry. He also admitted one previous conviction. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

MILITARY NEWS.

ARMY SCHOOLMASTER JEZARD has been posted to the 3rd Hussars now on the way to India.

NURSING SISTER BOLSTER is transferred from Bombay to the Punjab Command and posted to Peshawar.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL A ANDERSON, R A M C, retires from the service under the age clause on October 1st.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W H ALLEN, R A M C, returns to England on exchange with Major F P Nichols, R A M C.

CAPTAIN BALLARD, R A, on promotion, has been posted to No. 7 Company Eastern Division at Dover and ordered Home.

THE CENTRAL INDIA HORSE.

ALTERATIONS IN THE "ARMY LIST."

THE Government of India having sanctioned the cadres of the two regiments of Central India Horse being shown separately in the "Army List," the Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to notify that the officers of the two regiments will stand posted as follows :—

1st Regiment.—Commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel G R Money ; Squadron Commanders, Brevet-Colonel N F Fitz G Chamberlain, (2nd-in-Command), Major J B Edwards, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel L Herbert (with the 2nd Regiment), Brevet-Major C P Campbell (Aide-de-Camp to the Viceroy), Captain E C B Cotgrave ; Squadron Officers, Captain the Hon H D Napier, Captain A P Browne, Lieutenants R C Bell, J C D Pinney (Boundary Settlement Officer, Udaipur), T S Tancred and S A Cooke (Adjutant) ; Medical officer, Surgeon-Captain B G Sloan ; Attached, Lieutenants H K Barr and W St C Muscroft.

2nd Regiment.—Commandant, Lieutenant-Colonel a Masters ; Squadron Commanders, Colonel A G A Durand (2nd-in-Command, Military sSecretary to the Viceroy), Major F H K Drummond (11th Bengal Lancers, 2nd-in-Command), Captain W A Watson (Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Instruction), Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel L Herbert (1st Regiment, Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Punjab Command), Captain F. C. Grant, Captain A B Mayne (Political Employ), Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel C V F Townshend (with the Egyptian Army), Captain C E Baynes (2nd Bombay Lancers) ; Squadron Officers, Captains W D Daunt, R L Kennion (Political Employ) D H Cameron (with Imperial Service Troops), Lieutenants G R de H Smith, A H O Spence (Adjutant), A S Capper, H B Birdwood ; Medical Officer, Surgeon-Captain C M Moore ; Attached, Lieutenants A Hewlett (2nd Bombay Lancers), A N Hood, Pocock ; Honorary Major, the Maharaja Rana of Dholpur.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

FIRST REPORT ON THE INDIGO CROP OF 1898.

THE reports received show that the area of the indigo crop sown up to August last in Government villages was 114,900 acres. This is less than half the average area sown for the past ten years and 41 per cent. below the area sown up to the corresponding date in 1897. The decrease is common to all the chief indigo-growing districts, except South Arcot, and is attributed partly to the failure of the early rains and partly to the low price of the dye. In South Arcot, the increase appears to be, in part at least, due to the substitution of the crop for ground-nuts, which are no longer so profitable as they were. The condition of the crop until quite recently was bad over a large area, but is reported to have improved after the recent rains.

LIABILITIES OF SPECIAL PASSENGERS.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.

(Before Mr. C. W. CHITTY, Chief Judge.)

EBRAHIMBHOY MAHOMEDBHOY ROWJEE *vs* NASSUR KARAMSI AND OTHERS.

MR. SORABJEE FRAMJEE BILLIMORIA, pleader, appeared for the plaintiff ; and Mr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee, of Messrs. Thakurdas, Hormusjee and Cama, represented the third defendant; Mr. Cowasjee Setna, pleader, the fourth ; and Mr. C. J. Anderson, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Dikshit and Dhunjishaw, the fifth defendant.

His Honour, in delivering judgment, said :—This is a suit brought by the plaintiff to recover from the five defendants a sum of Rs. 2,000 lent by him to the firm of Nassur Cassum and Company on the 11th August, 1897. The money was admittedly received by the 1st defendant, who on behalf of himself and his brother, the 2nd defendant, admits the plaintiff's claim, and submits to a decree. As, however, the 1st and 2nd defendants are insolvent, and have already filed their petition in the Court for the Relief of the Insolvent Debtors, the decree will be worth little or nothing as against them. The only question for determination in the case is as to the liability of the 3rd, 4th, and 5th defendants for the moneys so borrowed. The facts of the case are practically undisputed, and though the evidence on the record is somewhat voluminous, they may be quite shortly stated. First, as to the loan itself there is no dispute that it was received by Nassur Karamsi, who himself signed an acknowledgment for the amount in the name of his firm, NassurCassum and Company. The plaintiff had on several previous occasions advanced moneys to the firm to run at interest. All those loans had been repaid with the exception of the Rs. 2,000 in question. On the 11th August, 1897, this sum also was repaid, but as the firm of Nassur Cassum and Company seem to have been in need of money, it was on the same day borrowed again and credited to the plaintiff in the firm's books. Nassur has asserted that the moneys advanced by the plaintiff were received not as loans, but as deposits for a fixed period to run at interest. I do not know that it materially affects the decision of this case, but I may mention that I consider them to have been loans. That fact was never questioned until Nassur was called, and the evidence all points to the conclusion that the moneys were lent. *Inter alia* it may be stated that brokerage was invariably paid by the firm of Nassur Cassum and Company on moneys so received ; it is highly improbable that this would have been done if the moneys had been received on deposit by that firm as bankers. As to the liability of the 3rd, 4th and 5th defendants, the facts are as follows :—Nassur Cassum in 1946 commenced to trade in various commodities, exporting and importing, and also dealing in Bombay. The firm's name was Mahomedbhoy Cassum and Co. In 1949 they were joined at different dates by the 3rd, 4th and 5th defendants. The 4th defendant, Joosub Dawraj, became a partner with them in the sundry business, which included groceries and gum. The business was principally that of exporting to Europe. In this business the 4th defendant was to have a half share of the profits and he was permitted to draw at first Rs. 100, and latterly Rs. 00, a month for his expenses. The 1st and 4th defendant each state that the 4th defendant was not to be liable for losses, but I do not think I can hold that any definite arrangement was come to on that point. When taken into the firm the 4th defendant had no means, and he brought in no capital, and it is possible that the 1st defendant never contemplated that he should be called on to pay losses, as he would not have the wherewithal to defray them. The 4th defendant's share was confined exclusively to the business in sundries. The account of that business appears in the books as the *mujnum Khata* of Joosub Dawraj, and is quite distinct. The 3rd defendant, Mulabhai Cassum, who is the brother-in-law of Nassur, became a partner on somewhat similar terms. He was admitted in respect of the China business exclusively—a business in which he had some experience. In the profits of that business he was to have a four-annna share. He was allowed to draw sums from time to time for expenses, but no definite sum was fixed. No arrangement was made with him as to losses, but, no doubt, he would be liable in the usual way for losses, if any, incurred in the China trade. The account of that trade appears in the ledger of the firm as the *mujnum Khata* of Goolam Hoosain Moledina (the son of the 3rd defendant). This account, like that of the sundry business is kept distinct. The 5th defendant became a partner in the wool business, which appears to have been the most profitable, if not the most extensive, branch of the firm's trade. This business was again distinct and the account of it appears in the ledger as "the wool trade account, the *mujnum Khata* of Sulleman Babul" (the son of the 5th defendant). From the 1st Kartik Sud 1931 the name of the firm was changed from Mahomedbhai Cassum and Co. to Nassut Cassum and Co., but the internal arrangements as to the general and particular partners remained the same. The firm, besides the businesses above specified, also traded in kerosine oil, in rice to Zanzibar, in jowari to Aden, and imports from Zanzibar, Cutch and Karrachee ; they also dealt in silver and dollars in Bombay. It was suggested, but not proved, that they also did banking or shroff's business. They may, however, have made loans to different people at different times, accounts of such loans being opened in the usual way in the firm's books. All business were done in one and the same name, Nassur Cassum and Co. One set of books was kept, one mel, one khatavahi, one nondh, one mehta was employed, and all payments made or received were made or received indiscriminately. The particular business in which the 3rd, 4th, and 5th defendants were concerned were not debited with any share of the kharajat khata or pehdi expenses account, which were defrayed from the general cash balance of the firm. The plaintiff of course seeks to make the 3rd, 4th, and 5th defendants liable as general partners. He says (as do also his manager, Ramjan Goolam Hoosein, and his brother-in-law, Fazul Dhuramsey) that he knew them to be so, but he can give no good reason for his knowledge, and I hold that the true state of fact is as above stated. Nor does it appear that the plaintiff advanced these moneys on the credit of any of these defendants. He says he knew them well, and if so, he must have known, as above stated, that Joosub, the 4th defendant, was a man of no means when Nassur took him into the firm ; so, indeed, was the 3rd defendant ; while the 5th defendant had only recently declared his personal assets in the Insolvent Court, and has not yet obtained his final discharge. There is also no evidence of these defendants having held themselves out as general partners. It seems to have been pretty well known in Khoja Mohalla that they had shares in particular branches of the firm's businesses, and I think that probably the plaintiff knew this too. When the name of the firm was changed in 1951 a printed circular was sent round to the banks and offices-walla, signed by Nassur and Cassum as partners—copies of the circular unsigned, but still giving the names of Nassur and Cassum as partners, were distributed in Khoja Moholla among the merchants dealing with the firm. It is not proved that such a circular reached the plaintiff, but it is highly probable that it did so. The plaintiff and his witnesses stated that the 4th and 5th defendants had negotiated loans, but they could not point to any loan in particular as having been arranged for by either of those defendants. It was also suggested that the 4th and 5th defendants had made overtures to the plaintiff for time, and, after the filing of the suit, for settlement. This would not be direct evidence of partnership. The 4th defendant did no doubt see the plaintiff, but it was as the emissary of Nassur. I am not satisfied that the 5th defendant had any talk with the plaintiff or his manager about it. Under these circumstances, the 3rd, 4th and 5th defendants being not proved to be general partners, and there being no reason to suppose that they held themselves out as such, or that the plaintiff advanced these moneys on their credit, is there any other ground on which they could be held liable ? The only ground I think would be that the particular business in which in any one of them was engaged had received the benefit of the money. In that case Nassur as the senior partner in that particular business

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NOTICE.
THE Editorial and Advertising Offices of the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* have been REMOVED to No. 29, CHURCHGATE STREET, (formerly "Times of India" Offices).

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING SEPT. 21.

CONSOLS declined 3-16 per cent in London yesterday, to 110. Paris Exchange on London was 1-2 centime lower, at 25-27 fcs. and French Rents were quoted at 102 1-2. Rupee Securities, 3 1-2 per cent, were 3-16 per cent higher, at £62 3-4; while Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged at 114. Exchange on India at 30 days' sight was unaltered at 1s. 3 13-16d. Discount on Short London Bills at 3 months' sight was quoted at 1 3-4 per cent, and on 6 months' sight Indian Bank Bills at 2 1-2 percent. Bar Silver advanced 1-16d in value, to 28 1-4d. per oz., and in New York 1-4 cent, to 61 1-8 cents per oz., demand Exchange on London being unchanged at 4·83 3-4 dollars. The price of Yellow Metal was 5 1-4.

The total quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom on Friday last was 965,000 quarters, compared with 930,000 quarters at the end of the week preceding.

The Liverpool Wool Auction opened yesterday. Competition was slow, and prices were unchanged to 1-4d. lower. The number of bales offered was 22,000 bales.

Prices of Cotton continued without change in the Liverpool Cotton market. The day's Sales were 10,000 bales; and the Imports 4,000 bales. The market closed steady, Surats quiet, Arrivals steady. The Manchester market was steady.

Ready Mid.-Uplands was still quoted in New York at 5 5-8 cents per lb.; December Futures declined 3 points, to 5·35 cents per lb., and March 2 points, to 5·48 cents per lb. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 29,000 bales.

A large business has passed in our local Cotton Market to-day on account of the Mills, their purchases amounting to 3,400 bales, comprising chiefly Miraj and Compta. ginned and Barsi. Exporters bought the tailing quantity of 50 bales of Bhagulcote. Prices are steady and unchanged.

The Receipts of produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	375	bales.
Wheat	7,379	cwts.
Linseed	1,893	,,
Rapeseed	2,990	,,
Castorseed	705	,,
Rice	5,757	,,

FREIGHTS have a firmer tendency, though little business has been put through. For Dunkirk a few ready lots were reported done at 18s. 6d. per ton, also for Antwerp, October shipment, at 18s perton.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened with a quiet feeling at 1s. 3 15-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 3 31-32d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits. For Bank remittance, ready and forward, there continued to be a fair enquiry, chiefly on the part of the Bazaar, and the market closed quiet but steady as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand...1s. 3 15-16d.	Per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic .....1s. 3 15-16d.	,,
Credits 3 months' sight...1s. 4 3-32d.	,,
Francs .....1·39 3-4d.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER is a steady market at 94 7 8 for Money, for 3 1-2 per cents, 94 13-16 for Account, and 85 for 3 per cents.

SHARES are quiet. Currimbhoy Mill, Queen, and David are Rs. 20 higher each; and China, Lukhmidas, and Manockjee Petit, Rs. 10 each.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Goo i Bhownuggur	2 24-32
The Manchester market has been steady.	
2½ per cent. Consols	110
3 per cent. Rentes	102½ ex.
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	114
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	62 3-4
Bar Silver	28 1-4

The sum of about £700,000 has been withrawn from the Bank of England.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 20.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Carthage arrived here from Bombay this morning.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Buchanan arrived here this afternoon.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 20.

The Hall Line steamer Hardwick Hall arrived here this morning.

SEPT. 21.

The Florio Rubattino Company's steamer Bormida left Penang for Bombay on the 19th instant.

Florio and Rubattino Company's steamer R. Rubattino Captain M. Saporiti, left Aden for Bombay on the 19th instant at 0 p.m. and expected to arrive in Bombay on the 25th instant.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 22.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STRACHEY.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

208-95—Roughton and B—The Fabbriche Unite de Biachi Colonl vs Jugmohandas Vandrawandas and others—Little and Co, Part heard

181-97—Hiralal M and M—Abdul Kayum Ebrahim vs Ladkibai and others—Muljee and R—Partly decreed.

Testamentary Suits.

13-95—Pestonji R and K, and Bhaishanker and K—Hajrabai widow and others vs Tyab Hajee Essa—Framjee and D.

2-93—Bhaishanker and K—Shivshanker Ramshanker vs Ramshanker Uttamram—M N Sack'atwalla

22-97—Matubai and J—Bhawanishanker Muttonji vs Ramdas Tnackersey and others—Payne G and S

Postponed Long Causes.

271-97—Captain and V—Hitaram Sowlia and others vs The Hindustan S and W Mills Co—Dikshit and B.

630-97—Ardashir H and D—Jamsetjee Jeejibhoy Pagdiwala vs The Societe Generale Mercantile of Paris and another—Craigie L and O, and Bicknell M and M.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.

For trial of Issues.

555-98—Chanderas and S for paupery—Sitaram Luxuman vs Dawjee Ramji and others—Sorabjee and J

459-96—Sorabjee and J—Ramchandra Dawjee vs Luxuman Rawjee—Khunderao and S

Postponed Long Causes.

638-97—Captain and V—Thakar Veerjee Narrowjee vs Bai Nanibai—Khundoo and S

168-97—Wadia and G—Motichand Tullookchand vs Manckchand Kapoorchand—Edgelow and .

122-97—Dikshit and D—Khoja Canjee Jugjivan vs Abdullabhai Laljee and another—Edgelow and G.

454-95—Little and Co—Beg Mahomed Hajee Abdul Rahiman vs Hajee Ibrahim Mahomed and another—Wadia and G and Daphtry and F

669-97—J C Cama—Pooramull Gooljee and another vs Mahadew Abajee Kalay and others—K J Mantri.

42-98—Matubhai and J—Lakhmidas Narsey vs Chunilal Chotalal.

323-97—In person—Balshet Pandushet Sonar vs Mahadeo Abajee Kale—K J Mantri.

328-97—In person—Balshet Pandushet Sonar vs Mahadeo Abajee Kale—K J Mantri.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FULTON.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Short Causes.

15-98—Hiralal M and M—Fazuldin Hafaz Ahmedin and others vs. Balmukund Goramul and others—Not to be called on

294-93—Hiralal M and M—Sewaram Hurmutrai vs Hiralal and Harakchand and another—Tyabjee D. and Co

385-98—[illegible] Mantri—Bhanjee Mowjee vs J S V Losto

391-98—In person—Edward Carter vs Ezekiel Ranbai

401-98—Bhaishanker and K—The Morarjee Gocouldas Spg and Weaving Co, Ld vs Maganlal Manchand

404-98—Thakurdas D and C, and Hormasjee—The Indo China Manfg Co, Ld vs Nasirbhoy Currumsey and others.

407-98—Magaulal and R—Adamjee Kadurbhoy vs Abdulally Kasulally—Sorabjee and J, Not to be called on

408-98—Hiralal M and M—Hargowan Lachmeedas Narayen and others vs Fazulbhai Meralli Chinoy and others—Payne G and S

For an Exparte Decree

302-93—Hiralal M and M—Hargowan Lachmeedas and others vs Issofally.

Suits for hearing and final disposal

Defended New Long Causes.

230-98—Smetham B and N—Vijbai vs Dewkabai Magonlal and R. Part heard.

203-98—Wadia and G—Damodar Soonderdas and another vs Khaikushroo Burjorjee Choksey—K D Shroff. Part heard.

Commercial Cause.

313-93—Tyabjee and Co Memonchand Pururam and others vs Guttimull Bunsidhur—Payne G and S

Defended New Long Causes.

226-98—Shamrao P—Maganlal Candas vs Raghunath Nagur and others—Wadia and G.

233-98—Craigie L and O—Ferdinand Malhous vs Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Pagdiwalla—Ardashir H and D.

254-98—In person a pauper—Krishnarao Kerrobe vs Bhawalshanker Balkrishna and others—Mahomlal D and J.

281-98—Nanu and H—The Manmar Manfg Co vs The Pankaj Manfg Co. and others—Dikshit and D, and Hiralal M and M.

290-98—K J Mantri—Ahmedkhan Allikhan Subedar vs Bhansali Govindjee Ramjee and another—Sorabjee and J and in person

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BATTYE—September 16, at Westfield, Simla, the wife of Lieut Ivan Urmston Batiye, Q. O. Corps of Guides, of a daughter.

BATTERSBY—September 8, at Eden Hospital, Calcutta the wife of R. R. Battersby, B. and N. W. Railway, of a daughter.

HUTCHINS—September 6, at Darjeeling, the wife of Macdonald Hutchins, of a son.

MANUK—September 16, at 7, Moira Street, Calcutta, the wife of J. Manuk, of a daughter.

TYERS—September 3, at Singareni Collieries, the wife of J F Tyers, M.I.M.E., &c., of a son.

MARRIAGE.

LANCASTER—BROWNE—September 14, at Gya, Authur Lancaster, C. P. Settlement, to Katherine Edith Hamilton, daughter of the late Hamilton Browne, Inland Custom.

DEATHS.

O'FARRELL—September 9, at Mussoorie, N.-W. P., on Friday night, Mrs. Isabella O'Farrell, aged 53 years.

SANDERSON—September 18, at Calcutta, Lydia Catherine, elder daughter of the late Capt William Sanderson, aged, 43 years.

STEER—September 15, at Darjeeling, Teresa (Tess) Selina Steer, the beloved wife of W. C. S. Steer, of Hirpur Factory, Tirhut, and eldest daughter of Mrs. H. D. Chapman.

TYERS—September 15, at Singareni Collieries, Kaie, the daughter of J. F. Tyers, M.I.M.E., &c., of cholera, aged 2 years.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** ALL communications intended for publication in our columns, should be addressed to the Editor and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1898.

IT appears that the *Times'* correspondent—who is not at the front any more than the correspondents of the other London papers—was also mistaken in his presentment of the objects and reasons of the Sirdar Kitchener's expedition to the Upper Nile. He was, for instance, in error when he stated that both the German and the Italian military attaches with the Khartoum expedition, accompanied General Kitchener to Fashoda and will be independent witnesses of events there. The officers in question returned to Cairo from Khartoum after the battle of Omdurman. Their presence as independent witnesses of the events expected by the correspondent to come off at Fashoda, would have been under the circumstances very indiscreet, and would certainly have been regarded in France as a sort of moral complicity in an attack on a French expedition,—supposing such were to take place. The correspondent of the *Times*, or that journal, reasoning on the situation by the light of its own intelligence, suggested that General Kitchener could reduce the occupation of Fashoda to an absurdity by cutting off Colonel Marchand's supplies—in other words that he could blockade the garrison and starve it into submission, much as Von Moltke starved Paris into submission in the winter of 1871. That would be an act of war-like as any other, and so far there is nothing to show that the British Government contemplates war with France in that part of the world. The *Times* or its correspondent refrains however from affirming that the Sirdar has gone south with instructions to expel the French from Fashoda by force. The disturbing rumours emanating from Cairo would have been spared the public had the Sirdar been able to overcome for once his rooted objection to the presence with his victorious legions, of even the most carefully selected representatives of the Press. Why that repugnance should subsist even when General Kitchener has succeeded in eliminating from the list of correspondents all who are not military officers "under perfect control," and organized a Press Censorship of exceptional efficiency, it is difficult to understand. The *Saturday Review* seeks an explanation in the ghastly suggestion that ever since 1885 Generals campaigning in the Soudan have found it necessary to resort to measures which Exeter Hall would disapprove, and have therefore been obliged to keep Exeter Hall in the dark.

War, according to the famous United States Officer who smashed and burned his way through the Southern States, General Sherman, is cruelty. Even when the combatants are men of the same race, speaking the same language and professing the same religion—Christianity, the religion of Peace—they do not hesitate to kill, burn, and destroy, reckoning little or nothing at all of what befalls non-combatants, even when they happen to be women and children. What must it be then, when those who are fighting to the death differ in blood, language and creed, and represent different levels of civilisation? When the wounded Dervish stabs or hamstrings the generous enemy offering to bind his wounds, what is to be done? Why, slay him where he lies, as a necessary measure of military precaution. Send out files of soldiers in charge of officers after the battle is over, to see that the wounded are dealt with in the only way possible in desert warfare. If the women folk of the Dervishes take their share of the fighting, and when it is over make themselves conspicuous in their attentions the wounded and the dead they too must be slain without pity, and, according to the *Review*, they are slain accordingly. Kipling's lines adjure the British soldier to anticipate his fate at the hands of the women of Afghanistan: "If wounded you're left on Afghanistan's Plains, And the women come out to cut off what remains, Then roll to your rifle, And blow out your brains—Go to your God like a soldier!" When the tables are turned the gentler sex must not expect, and will not receive, much consideration at the hands of soldiers who have learned the women as worse fiends than the men. The *Saturday* asks what has become of the thousands of Dervishes wounded at the fight on the Atbara? How many of them are under treatment in the hospitals? If that inquiry be pertinent, the question may also be asked, What has become of the eighteen thousand wounded at the battle of Omdurman? The convention of Geneva can scarcely be invoked on behalf of men who give no quarter and did not allow a man of Hick's defeated army to escape. Is all this true? The writer in the *Saturday Review* says that he has observed the system in operation, and can testify to the gruesome facts which he sets down and defends. He maintains that the doctrine of "No Quarter" and all that it involves is the necessary and inevitable price that has to be paid for fighting and subduing people who give no quarter, and respect neither age nor sex. *Avec corsaire, corsaire et demi.* If we are to civilise Africa we must civilise it as Peter the Great reformed Russia with the hatchet. That is a doctrine at which Exeter Hall will certainly prick up its ears. But then Exeter Hall can be kept at arms length on occasions. Has not some been found recently complaining in the *Daily News* that the Non conformist conscience has been chloroformed.

THE announcement of the death of Sir George Grey, K.C.B., will attract less attention in India than in the Cape, Australia, or New Zealand, for the part he played in the salvation of India, important as it was, has almost been forgotten. How he helped to save India was only recently told in Mr. W. L. Rees' sketch of "the Career and Character of a Great Pro-Consul." When the Mutiny broke out and the need for additional troops became apparent Lord Elgin was at Singapore awaiting the arrival of transports for his operations in China. While at dinner one evening with his staff he received urgent despatches from India telling him to his surprise that the first detachment of the China army had already reached Calcutta, and urging him to send further assistance. Lord Elgin rose from the table, and for two or three hours he was heard walking to and fro on the balcony. "To his eternal honour," says Lord Malmesbury, "he complied with Lord Canning's request;" and the reinforcements which had already reached Calcutta, together with those which Lord Elgin now despatched, enabled Sir Colin Campbell to relieve Havelock at Lucknow. The story has often been told; but it is not generally known that the man who diverted the first of the China transports was not Lord Elgin at Singapore, but Sir George Grey at the Cape. The despatches show that such was the case. Colonel Hope, the officer in command of the transports, when they touched at Simon's Bay and the Governor went on board, naturally demurred to disobeying his orders from home. But Sir George was imperative, and used or usurped power as High Commissioner to command the vessels bound for China to report themselves first at Calcutta. The officers required him to put his orders in writing. He did so, and Colonel Hope set sail with his trooops—with the results aforesaid. It was a bold thing to do—a thing contrary to all precedent, opposed to all routine, destructive of all official discipline, defiant altogether of Downing-street—"the act, in short, of a dangerous man." But it helped to save India. Sir George's life was full of romance. He was the son of an English Colonel who was killed at the head of his column in the storming of Budujiz and he was destined from birth to his father's profession of arms. Born in 1812 joined his first regiment in Ireland. "I saw enough," said he "to give a bias to my mind for ever as to the necessity for reform. It was from a desire to find relief for that misery that I went to Australia." With a brother officer he volunteered for Australia and conducted expeditions into the interior with courage, enterprise and skill.

As a reward for his services he was appointed Resident at King George's Sound and whilst there published his "Explorations in Western and North-Western Australia," which together with his despatches on the civilisation of the Australian Natives, brought their writer to the notice of the Home authorities, and within a month of his return to England Lord John Russell, then Colonial Secretary, appointed Grey, Governor of South Australia. He was then but twenty-eight years of age, but he at once set to work putting the finances to rights and began the policy which he was destined to carry out in other parts of Australasia of breaking down the monopoly in land and mines. In 1845 when thirty-three years of age he was transferred to New Zealand when he brought the Maori War to a speedy and satisfactory conclusion. He was twice Governor of New Zealand and years after was a private member of the Legislative in that colony and subsequently Prime Minister. This was when, after being appointed to the Governorship of Cape Colony his period of service was interrupted owing to a quarrel with the Colonial Office. This followed upon his interference with the transports for China, but he was soon sent back for a second period as Governor to New Zealand, a colony which owes much of its present prosperity to Sir George. It is recorded of him that during the war, General Cameron having declined to attack Wereroa Pa with less than two thousand men, Sir George called together five hundred friendlies stormed and took it. When he was recalled to England Parliament adjourned as a mark of respect for Grey and regret at his recall. During his stay in England in 1869-70 he sought election for Parliament and though supported by Carlyle and Froude, found it necessary to withdraw. In the former year Earl Granville, as Colonial Secretary, had written an important despatch upon the subject of the withdrawal of the Imperial troops from New Zealand. Sir George replied in an ingenious pamphlet pressing home to the case of Ireland the excellent arguments for Home Rule which Lord Granville had applied to New Zealand, and submitting a draft Home Rule Bill. But here, as in so many other matters, Sir George Grey was in advance of his time. The arguments which he pressed upon the Liberal leaders without avail in 1869 became years afterwards the accepted party commonplaces. Froude in his "Oceana" described a visit he paid to Sir George while at Auckland, and concluding his sketch of the man wrote: "When he dies, the Maoris and the poor whites in New Zealand will have lost their truest friend and England will have lost a public servant among the best she ever had, whose worth she failed to understand and whose official reputation was only that he was a dangerous man."

THE cause of medical reform should not be allowed to flag. Legislation is wanted in the interests of the public as well as that of the medical profession. While the legal position of the doctor in England is admittedly most unsatisfactory, his status in India is absolutely unprotected. What the doctors not unreasonably ask for is effective registration, and license to practise, and legal means to prevent those who are not qualified or registered from masquerading as medical men. The public on their part require some protection from impostors. As matters are now there is nothing to prevent any man setting up as a doctor, putting all sorts of fanciful degrees and titles after his name, getting all the stock-in-trade, and carrying on as best he can the profession of medicine. There is no ready criterion by which the public can distinguish the true from the false. The evils of such a state of things are obvious. It is a great injustice to the qualified man who has spent years in study in order to gain necessary knowledge and who obtains a guarantee from a recognised institution that he is fit for his business, if a man who has had no professional training can enter into competition with him. It may be argued that in this matter the principles of free trade should apply, and that the public should be free to call in whom they like. In that case there is little inducement for men to undergo special training for their work, and unfortunately the great mass of the people are utterly unable to distinguish between the ignorant and the qualified. The present state of things places the sick at the mercy of rogues. Not the least injury is the lowered status of the whole medical profession. While qualified men are to a certain extent governed by the rules of their College and by recognised unwritten laws, there is absolutely no control over the conduct of the irregular practitioner. It is well known that dishonourable devices are resorted to by these men to secure practice. They carry on their trade without scruple on the lowest commercial lines. The qualified man unfortunately sometimes stoops to the unprofessional methods of his competitor, and by so doing brings discredit on himself and on his calling. In India competition is keen, and the struggle for existence causes men otherwise uncontrolled to do things which they would be ashamed of under more favourable circumstances. A doctor should carry on his profession according to the known rules and the unwritten laws. But he should be protected from the competition of unlicensed upstarts. That principle is carried out with varying degrees of strictness in all civilized countries, where it is recognized that the practice of medicine is a high and holy calling, and no one is held in greater respect than the honourable physician. With the object of securing a higher moral tone amongst the rank-and-file of the profession disciplinary regulations are urgently necessary, and sooner or later there will be a public as well as professional agitation in this direction. The College or University does not end its duty by granting a degree. For its own credit and for the honour of its licentiates and graduates should demand that they uphold in their conduct the dignity of their position. The simplicity or stupidity of people who place health and life in the hands of quacks is patent enough. They are ultimately the chief sufferers, but they cannot always protect themselves.

A FURTHER rise of 310 is registered in this week's Famine relief returns notwithstanding general rainfall and a marked improvement in crop prospects. The total of persons now in receipt of famine relief is stated at 20,671, of whom all but 357 are in the Sholapur and Poona districts of Bombay. The weekly report on the state of season and prospects of crops shows that though the rainfall was good and beneficial to the standing crops throughout the Presidency proper and two districts of Sind, more rain is wanted in parts of six districts. In parts of Sind the ravages of rats and insects have been added to drought, whilst locusts have been busy in three talukas of Belgaum. In some parts of Baroda crops are withering. The reaping of the early crops has commenced in Ratnagiri, and the sowing of late crops is progressing in ten other districts. Fodder is sufficient, except in parts of Karachi and Hyderabad and agricultural stock is healthy. Prices have fallen in six districts, but have risen in four districts. Madras reports show that although more rain is wanted in parts, the rainfall in the past week was good or heavy almost throughout the Presidency, except in parts of the Southern districts, where it was light. The water-supply is now generally fair throughout, though deficient in parts of the Circars and of the Southern districts. In the former area subsequent heavy rain has improved the supply, and ploughing and sowing are proceeding actively after the recent rain. The standing crops are generally fair, and have been much revived by the late, rain and the harvest of the early crop is yielding moderately. Pasturage is improving, and though fodder is scarce in many places, the condition of cattle is generally fair. Prices too are falling generally, except in Ganjam, near Madras, and in the extreme south, where they have risen slightly. Throughout the country generally the outlook is brighter, good crops cheapen rates, and more money will sooner or later mean more work for Sholapur and the disappearance of her people who still require Government assistance under the Famine Code, even yet over twenty thousand.

THE regular weekly meeting of the Gymkhana mounted sportsmen did not come off yesterday afternoon owing to the absence of the competitors and was again adjourned to next Wednesday. This time the counter attraction of the Football Tournament at the Cooperage seems to have come in its way. When the time to begin the play came, the Secretaries found that there were only four members instead of forty on the maidan! The first event on the programme—tent pegging—was competed by the four members and the meeting was then postponed to next week.

AT the meeting of the Standing Committee yesterday a sum of Rs. 1,000 was voted for the illumination of the address and the preparation of a casket to be presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Curzon, Viceroy-elect of India. On similar previous occasions Rs. 1,500 were generally voted for the purpose, but considering the present exceptional strain on the Municipal finances the amount had to be reduced to one thousand rupees.

AT an adjourned sitting of the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, the trial of the Extortion Case against Clive Durant and four others was commenced before the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy and a Special Jury. The Court was crowded in every part, and a few European ladies were present in the gallery. At the commencement, Clive Durant was allowed to address the Court on the point that there was no valid or legal commitment of the case. His Lordship said that he was not going to sit in judgment on the decision of his brother Judges, who had already pronounced their opinion that the commitment was a valid one; and asked Durant if he wished to bring any other points to the notice of the Court. The latter then applied for a traverse of the case to the next Sessions, expressing his intention, meanwhile, to appeal to the Governor General, and, if need be, to the Privy Council. Mr. Justice Candy said he saw no reason to traverse the case to the next Sessions. Durant then asked for a separate trial before a mixed jury, which was allowed, it being decided that his trial should have precedence over the trial of the other prisoners. The trial then proceeded, and all the prisoners pleaded not guilty. On the application of Mr. Macpherson, on behalf of the prosecution, the accused Williams was tendered a pardon on the condition of his making a true and full disclosure of all he knew on the subject of the charge. Mr. Macpherson made the opening statement of the case to the jury; and some evidence was called for the prosecution, after which the Court adjourned until to-day.

GENERAL GALBRAITH left Quetta on Tuesday for Poona, where he arrived on Saturday.

THE MADRAS Railway Volunteers have won the Bangalore Cup at the Southern India Rifle meeting.

GENERAL SIR BINDON BLOOD, now at Agra, takes over command of the Meerut District to-day, the day on which General Sanford's five years' tenure of the appointment expires.

THE Madras Railway Volunteers have won the coveted trophy of the S. I. R. A. Meeting at Bangalore, viz. the Bangalore Cup, with an aggregate of 455 points, the Cheshires being second with 451 points. For a long series of years the Bangalore Cup was a "moral" for the M. R. V., but somehow the spell was broken, and the Cup then became "anybody's." The success of the M. R. V. is all the more creditable this year, seeing that the team have only recently been furnished with the Lee-Metford rifle for match purposes, and that at the expense of the Corps. The win will be very popular in the Volunteer Service.

THE Medical and Sanitary authorities have come to the conclusion that the plague at Guntakal, Timmacherla and Chippagiri in the Anantapur and Bellary Districts is true indigenous plague.

CAPTAIN PINNEY, D. A. A. G., Quetta District, will be Assistant Military Secretary to General Galbraith during his tenure as officiating Lieutenant-General Commanding Bombay, as Major Ross proceeds home on leave.

APPLICATIONS have been received by the Government of India from Major D. S. Lewis, 7th Madras Infantry, and Lieut. D. R. Adye, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, for permission to proceed to Russia for a further course of study in the language of that country.

THE Sirdar's force contains or did contain a most unusual number of sons and nephews of distinguished men.—Lord Salisbury, Lord Robert's, Sir Evelyn Wood, Lord Derby, Lord Medway, Lord Lauderdale and Lord Loch—all have sons serving under him. The Duke of Teck has two sons in the expedition, the Earl of Durham two brothers, and Lord Wolseley a nephew.

MISS RACHEL COHEN, M. B., of Calcutta, who was lately awarded Lady Elgin's Jubilee Scholarship of £100, in order that she might proceed home and obtain a medical degree in the United Kingdom, will shortly return to India. Miss Cohen, who was the first student of her year at the Calcutta Medical College, has succeeded in obtaining the Fellowship of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, with credit.

A CORRESPONDENT telegraphs under date the 18th instant:—Messrs. P. Orr and Sons, of Madras, have just completed a contract which they recently entered into with the Travancore Government for laying down a large installation on Mansfield's Oil Gas principle for lighting the capital town of Trevandrum and all the principal public buildings. The lights were tried for the first time last night, and proved a great success. Mr. Walter Mansfield, of the firm, being present himself on the occasion. Immense crowds of people thronged the street, displaying much enthusiasm. His Highness the Maharajah, who was present at the opening ceremony, was greatly pleased with the magnificent display made, and has written to Mr. Mansfield expressing his entire satisfaction with the lighting. The ceremony passed off without the slightest hitch, and everybody was much pleased. Gas lights are a wonderful improvement on the old system; the apparatus is of the simplest description, easily worked by coolies, and the lights require little or no attention.

IN the annual report of the Civil Veterinary Department, there are some interesting paragraphs regarding the tick-plague, or Texas fever as it is called in America. The Government of India last month passed a Bill under which rules can be made to segregate horses imported from infected districts in Australia, and it is believed that in this way the tick can be kept from among Indian cattle. The horse itself is immune, but he carries the tick with him, and it has been proved that the virulence of the parasite, which causes the disease, is in no way reduced by its having inhabited a tick which has lived upon a horse. In Queensland the local authorities have established a quarantine line to the north and south of the central zone in the colony where tick fever exists, and this has been effective; but considerable alarm is still felt all over Australia, as the mortality among flocks and herds, once infected, is very serious. Inoculation experiments have been carried out in Queensland, and it has been established beyond a doubt that the injection of blood from a recovered animal into susceptible healthy cattle effectually protects them from the fever when placed in contact with infection. This is satisfactory, and doubtless, inoculation will be extensively resorted to in, Australia. In India, the recent legislation will probably prevent the tick being carried inland by waler horses imported into the country; but, meanwhile, Veterinary Colonel Queripel has instituted inquiries in India in order to settle two points. Have we in this country the identical tick which causes the disease in Queensland and elsewhere; and, if so, does it cause disease in this country? Specimens of Indian ticks have been sent to the Indian Museum, Calcutta, for examination by experts, but no light has been thrown on the subject. Accordingly, communications have been opened with the American Animal Bureau at Washington, and assistance has been asked for in the matter of the identification of the various species of ticks. So far as can be judged, tick-fever does not exist in India, and with all the precautions now taken, it is improbable that it will be introduced from Australia.

THE Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received a despatch from Her Majesty's Charge d'Affairs at Rome, reporting that a regulation has been issued by the Prefect of Turin, forbidding tourists and others to approach within one kilometre of the fortifications on the Italian frontier, without special permission from the military authorities. Without such permission, the use of photographic apparatus is forbidden within a radius of ten kilometres from the advanced posts, and persons having such apparatus in their possession, and intending to travel in the frontier zone, are required to deposit the apparatus in the custom houses, if they come from abroad, or outside the radius of ten kilometres, if coming from other parts of Italy. Any one contravening these regulations, will be liable to the penalties decreed by the Italian Law of Public Security.

AN exceptional interest attaches to the arrival of the Queen on Deeside. Her present visit to Balmoral represents the jubilee of her residence there. No doubt the event will be celebrated in some way, and certainly the Highland folks of the district regard it as of high importance. The actual date on which the Queen first took up her abode at Balmoral was Sept. 8, 1848. With Her Majesty and Prince Albert were their three children, the Princess Royal, the Prince of Wales and Prince Alfred.

WHEN we hear grumbling over our institutions, our diplomacy, the style of our Ambassadors, and the literary criticism of the Foreign Office, writes *St. James's*, we can always console ourselves by reflecting that, thank Heaven, there is the British Museum to speak for us to the enemy at the gate. Its report of this year is, as usual, excellent reading, with many long stories of "acquisitions," which is more than the Foreign and Colonial Offices could say for themselves. We begin with a striking portrait statue of An-Khefta, distinguished official person of the Fourth Dynasty. We move on to the text of Bacchylides, and from that to autotype copies of proclamations of British Sovereigns, and end amid an amiable confusion of "instruments for compressing children's heads," fire syringes, soap-stone pipes, and earthen-ware vessels illustrating the "culture of ancient Ecuador."

AT the Shoreditch County-Court on Aug. 30, Henry Sheldon, aged sixteen, sued the Rev. C. G. Gull, headmaster of the Grocer's Company's Schools at Hackney Downs, for ten pounds damages for an assault committed on him by flogging. The plaintiff's case was that, by order of his father, he stayed away from school one day to go to the Zoological Gardens, and that, on his return, he took a letter of excuse from his mother. The headmaster read the letter and sent him to his room, where he flogged him. The defendant stated that the lad's absence, without leave, called attention to the fact that he was very low down in the school, and he flogged not for staying away, but for laziness. The jury did not take this view, but recommended nominal damages, and Judge French gave judgment for one shilling damages, without costs.

A LONDON correspondent learns that Prince Khilkoff, the Russian Minister of Ways and Communications, has proposed to his colleagues in the Government the establishment of a Railway Board for Siberia and Manchuria, with head-quarters at Vladivostock. The Prince proposes that the Board shall consist of five members, three of whom shall be representatives of the engineering department and the other two finance. It is felt that by the creation of this board, the department in St. Petersburg will be very considerably relieved, although, of course, the Board will be subject to the control of Prince Khilkoff as the head of the Ministerial Department. The official decree nominating the members of the Board is expected to be issued in about three weeks' time. It will probably also give the Board very liberal powers as to the ordering of all requisite material for the construction of railways and other public works in Siberia and Manchuria.

WRITERS AND READERS.

A BIOGRAPHY of the late Earl of Lytton, by one of his daughters, is said to be in preparation.

Mr. William Black's new novel entitled "Wild Eelin," was published the week the mail left, by the Sampson Low house.

Mr. Andrew Lang's Christmas Book this year will consist of selections from "The Arabian Nights' Entertainments," published by Messrs. Longmans & Co. under his editorship. The illustrations will be supplied by H. J. Ford.

Messrs. Sands & Co. will this autumn publish a religious work by the Rev. W. M. Clow, of the Barclay Free Church, Edinburgh, entitled "In the Day of the Cross." It consists "of a course of lectures on the men and women and some of the notable things of the last day in the life of Jesus."

Tennyson's "Lancelot" has (says the "Daily Chronicle" correspondent) been transformed into a four-act lyric drama for the Paris opera by M. Victoria Joncieres. It will follow the production of "Gauthier d'Aquitaine" by M. Paul Vidal, in which the role of Fyrrha, Queen of the Huns, will be sung and acted, not by Mdlle. Deina, but by Madame Hegion.

Messrs. Longmans & Co. will publish in October a new novel by Edna Lyall, entitled "Hope the Hermit: a Romance of Borrowdale." In this story the author deals again with her favourite period, the seventeenth century. It is a love story, and treats of the days of the English Revolution, the accession of William and Mary, and the Jacobite plots with which the Queen had to contend while King William was away at the war.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's divorce has had an unexpected result, a writer in the "Publishers' Weekly" tells us. She wishes to be known as Frances Hodgson, but her publishers say that under any new name she would have to win fame anew, as the reading public knows not Mrs. Frances Hodgson. The name of a well-known writer carries with it a real money value, hence her publishers insist that she must retain in some way that under which she won her reputation.

A gossip says that Miss Olive Schreiner was once upon a time "unconsciously in possession of a small fortune." Among the playthings of her childhood was a bright stone, about the size of a walnut, which she and her brothers named the candle-stone, on account of the beautiful rays it emitted when held to the light. As time went by, the candle-stone was lost sight of, and not until she had grown up did she realise that this plaything was a rough diamond of immense value.

The late Principal Caird has left a considerable quantity of manuscript, which is being prepared for the Press by his brother, the Master of Balliol. The addresses which were delivered annually to the University of Glasgow will be published first, and it is hoped that this volume may appear in October. This will be followed by a volume of sermons delivered to the University of Glasgow and by the Gifford lectures on natural theology, which were almost completed just before his illness. These volumes will be published by Messrs. Maclehose & Sons.

A discovery which has lately been made in the Bibliotheque Nationale at Paris has caused profound distress in artistic circles. For some time past several of the most rare and valuable prints and etchings, as characteristic of the different schools, have been exposed to public view under glass. At a recent inspection of these treasures, it was found that not a few of them have been irreparably damaged, partly by the effect of the fierce rays of the sun and partly by the moisture generated betwixt the glass and the picture. At an attempt to remove them they crumbled to pieces. The total damage estimated to be over a million francs. Orders have consequently been issued that all the most precious engravings, drawings, and manuscripts shall henceforth be kept exclusively in portfolios.

Messrs Macmillan & Co.'s serial issue of The History of Mankind, by Professor Ratzel is nearing completion. Part 28 has just been issued, and there are but two more parts to come. The present number opens with a continuation of the exposition of the customs and modes of life of the various Indian races; then it passes to the consideration of the Iranian and kindred nationalities. Next it deals in some detail with the people of Further India and the hill tribes of South East Asia; and, finally, enters upon an explanation of the History of civilisation in Eastern Asia—a section of the work which is peculiarly interesting at the present time. The letter-press continues to be beautifully illustrated, a coloured plate showing Indian and Persian weapons and accoutrements being specially noteworthy.

Much has been written of late about Bismarck's memoirs, and in the September Fortnightly, Mr. W. H. Dawson recalls some words which the Chancellor addressed to him on the subject more than six years ago:—I shall not publish anything during my lifetime, he said. There are so many events of which I am now the only living witness, and you will see how the publication of memoirs while I live would land me in every manner of polemic, and that, at my advanced age, I could not stand. But I shall leave papers and memoranda to my children, who will deal with them after I am gone. For the rest, I trust to History. And history is just and speaks truth, I ventured to say, as our conversation drew to a close. Yes, he repeated, history is just, but her judgments always tarry long—it may be thirty, forty years. Yet history is just.

Mrs. Crawford, the doyenne of lady journalists, was achieving record feats at a time when her present women colleagues had not even recognised newspaper correspondence as a profession for their sex. For over thirty years she has carried on her journalistic work in Paris, acting as special correspondent to the "Daily News," "Truth," and the "New York Tribune," and it is safe to say that none of her sisters of the pen have had so many adventures during their career. On one occasion, when a ball was given to Marshal MacMahon, Mrs. Crawford arranged to telegraph a special description of the dresses to the "Daily News." She left the ball in due time for this purpose, but a thunderstorm suddenly burst forth and it was impossible to secure a vehicle. She could not afford, however, to wait, so, despite the disturbed elements, the lady journalist ran, in her evening attire, to the Central Telegraph Office, a distance of a quarter of a mile. The soles broke away from her satin slippers, but she tore on in her drenched stockings, and sat down at the office in a most deplorable condition of discomfort to dispatch her message. In 1871 this intrepid lady made her way across all the barricades to the Hotel de Ville, where she interviewed the Communist leaders as they sat in council, and during those troublous times she was often alone at midnight in the streets of Versailles when it was swarming with soldiers. Indeed, it is hardly an exaggeration to say that Mrs. Crawford has seemed to bear a charmed life during her long and brilliant career.

"Night 'and day," remarks Mr. Denson describing the making of newspapers from five o'clock on Monday morning, till ten o'clock on Saturday night, our machines are going. Some of them are running the whole of that period without a single hour's stoppage. Our output is 600 tons of paper a week. We consume 700 tons of coal a week, and the amount of water that passes through one mill is not less than 6,000,000 gallons a day! All these facts and figures are sufficiently impressive. But the fact which impresses me most profoundly is the annual output of paper as expressed in miles. Lloyd's mills turn out in a year 600,000 miles of paper a yard in width. Now, this is considerably more than long enough to reach the moon and return again to mother earth. Or, if wound round our planet, it would traverse it twenty-four times. But cut this paper into strips an inch wide, and how far do you think it would reach with four and a half years' output? It would extend to the sun—95,006,000 miles away.

Mr. George Washington Cable, the American novelist, still retains, in his Massachusetts home, the warmest impressions of his reception in this country. Writing to a correspondent of the "Daily News," he says: "The requests that have come to me to write my impressions of travel in England and Scotland find me unprepared to respond, owing to my absorbing preoccupation in the fulfilment of literary engagements made before I crossed the water. Yet I cannot lose any opportunity afforded me of saying that my impressions of England and Scotland, and of English and Scottish life, were delightful and inspiring, and I hope and believe they have given me spiritually a better stature and be each as a citizen of my own country and as a citizen of the world."

Messrs. Methuen will publish Lieutenant Peary's "Northward over the Great Ice." This book is the only one which the great explorer has written, and contains a complete account of the whole of his Arctic exploration. It is in two large volumes, containing over 800 illustrations and maps. Lieut. Peary, on whom the Royal Geographical Society has recently conferred its gold medal, is about to start on a determined attempt to reach the North Pole.

The old-established business of Messrs. Saxon and Co., of Bouverie-street, E. C., has just been purchased by Messrs. Marshall Russell and Co. (Limited), of Paternoster-row, E. C., the publishers of "The London Review." Messrs. Saxon's name is well-known in connection with their "Everybody" series of handbooks which have attained a sale of over two millions. It is intended to add several fresh volumes to this series.

Pictures of Travel and Other Poems is the title of the new volume of verse by Mr. Mackenzie Bell, author of the Memoir of Christina Rossetti, to be published by Messrs. Hurst and Blackett at the end of the week. The Pictures of Travel are in sequence with those which appeared in the author's former volume, Spring's Immortality and Other Poems. The other poems include a long piece called The Battle's Pause, A Plea for Faith, A Sunrise in Early Summer, Wind Fancies, and the like.

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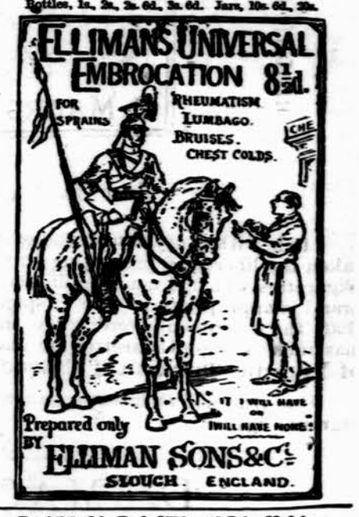

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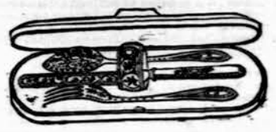

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